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FORM OF ORDER SHEET

Court of	
Case No	6//2023

S.No.	Date of order proceedings	Order or other proceedings with signature of judge
1	2	3
1,-	5/1/2023	The instant appeal presented today by Dr. Adnan Khan Advocate. It is fixed for preliminary hearing before
		touring Single Bench at Swat on Parcha Peshi is given to appellant/counsel. By the order of Chairman
		REGISTRAR ,
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BEFORE THE KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA SERVICE TRIBUNAL, PESHAWAR (CAMP COURT AT SWAT)

vice Appeal Noof 2023		·
Muhammad Rasool Khan		Аррег
<u>Versus</u>		
Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa a	nd anothe	r
	Pas	snondent

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Appellant Ologous

Muhammad Rasooi Khan Identified by counsels

Dr. Adnan Khan Barrister-at-Law, Advocate Supreme Court of Pakistan.

Umar Sadiq Advocate High Court

Office: Adnan Law Associates, Opposite Shuhada Park College Colony, Saidu Sharif, Swat. Cell No. 0346-9415233

BEFORE THE KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA SERVICE TRIBUNAL, PESHAWAR (CAMP COURT AT SWAT)

•		0
Service Appe	al No <i>[⊙]</i>	of 2022

Muhammad Rasool Khan S/o Muhammad Wazir R/o Gulkada No.1 Saidu Sharif, District Swat [Sepoy No.553069].

.....Appellant

VERSUS

- 1) Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa through Chief Secretary, Civil Secretariat at Peshawar.
- 2) Government of Khyber through Secretary Home & Tribal Affairs Department, Civil Secretariat at Peshawar.
- 3) Commandant Swat Levies/Deputy Commissioner, District Swat.

......Respondents

APPEAL UNDER SECTION 4 OF THE KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA SERVICE TRIBUNAL ACT, 1974.

PRAYER:

On acceptance of this Appeal, Notifications No. SO(Police-II)HD/MKD/Levies/Misc./2020 dated 22-03-2021 & No. SO (Police-II)HD/1-3/Federal Levies 2021 dated 21-10-2021 issued by respondent No.2 may be declared as illegal and the same be set aside. Consequently, the appellant may be held entitled to complete his service till attaining 60 years age in light of Notification dated 14-07-2020.

Alternatively, the impugned notifications may be declared to be ineffective upon the rights of the appellant and he may be allowed to complete his service till attaining 60 years of age.

Respectfully Sheweth:

- That the appellant has been serving as regular member of Levies Force having a considerable length of service at his credit (Copy of Appointment Order is Annexure "A").
- 2) That services of the appellant were initially regulated under the Federal Levies Force Rules, 1962, which were nonstatutory.
- That subsequently, the Governor Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, under the omitted Article 247(4) of the Constitution promulgated the PATA Levies Force Regulations, 2012. Consequently, the Provincial Government framed Service Rules for the Levies Force in 2013 (Copy of relevant text of Service Rules notified in February 2013 is Annexure "B").
- That Schedule-III of the above mentioned Rules, which provided for length of service towards retirement had certain anomalies. Hence, the said Rules were amended in December 2013 and the above stated anomalies were removed to a larger extent (Copy of amended Rules notified in December 2013 are Annexure "C").
- That the relevant Rules were further amended in July 2020. Regarding the length of service towards retirement, Rule 17 was amended to the effect that all Levies personnel shall retire from service on attaining the age of superannuation i.e Sixty Years. Furthermore, Schedule-III which provided for certain length of service, was deleted by virtue of the amendment (Copy of amendments notified in July 2020 are Annexure "D").
- That the rules were further amended on 23-03-2021. Rule 17, which provided for retirement on reaching superannuation was again omitted and Schedule-III was revived with certain amendments. Consequently, the junior

rank officials like the present appellant would retire after performing certain years of service or on reaching certain age. For instance Hawaldar would retire on reaching 31 years of service or 51 years of age, Naik 29 years of service or 48 years of age, L/Naik 27 year of service or 45 years of age and Sepoy 25 years of service or 42 years of age, whichever is earlier (Copy of amended Rules notified in March 2021 are Annexure "E").

- 7) That the above mentioned Rules being extremely detrimental to him, the appellant filed representation before the concerned quarters for redressal of his grievances. The same has not been responded to as yet (Copy of representation is Annexure "F").
- 8) That some of the personnel of the Levies Force got retired from service on reaching certain age/completion of certain length of service as prescribed by the above mentioned Rules.
- 9) That the appellant along with other similarly placed persons invoked the Constitutional Jurisdiction of the Hon'ble Peshawar High Court by way of filing various constitutional Petitions, challenging vires of the above mentioned rules.
- 10) That during the pendency of the said petitions, the Provincial Government made further amendments in the Federal Levies Rules on 21-10-2021, whereby retirement age in respect of lower ranked members of the Force was enhanced by a few years (Copy of amended Levies Rules notified on 21-10-2021 are Annexure "G").
- 11) That the appellant filed another representation against the above mentioned further amendments in the relevant rules, which was never responded to. (Copy of memo of second representation is Annexure "H").

- That against the above mentioned Rules framed by the Provincial Government, the appellant alongwith other similarly placed persons filed various other constitutional petitions (W.P No.469-M/2021, W.P No.470-M/2021, W.P No.337-M/2021, W.P No.338-M/2021, W.P No.333-M/2021, W.P No.1252-M/2021 and W.P No.335-M/2021) before the Hon'ble Peshawar High Court. However, because of jurisdictional issues, the matter was referred to a larger Bench.
- of the levies force filed a constitutional petition (WP No. 1281-M/2022) before the Hon'ble Peshawar High Court Mingora Bench to the extent of their re-instatement in light of the Provincial Assembly's Act. The petition was allowed by the Hon'ble High Court vide judgment dated 23-11-2022 whereby the respondents were directed to re-instate the then petitioners. It is worth mentioning that vires of the impugned rules were not challenged in the said petition, which are being impugned through the instant appeal.
 - 14) That a larger Bench of the Hon'ble Peshawar High Court heard the connected petitions on 29-11-2022. Consequently, the Hon'ble High Court decided that personnel of the levies force are civil servants and their employment matters would be dealt with by this Hon'ble Tribunal (Copy of order dated 29-11-2022 is Annexure "I").
 - 15) That being aggrieved with the impugned notifications, the instant appeal is being filed before this Hon'ble Tribunal, inter alia, on the following grounds:

GROUNDS:

A) That the impugned act of amending the relevant Service Rules to the detriment of the appellant and subsequent retirement is illegal and un-Constitutional. Hence, the same acts are liable to be declared as such.

- B) That it is a settled law that service rules cannot be amended to the detriment of public sector employees. Even, if they are so amended, the same having prospective effect cannot be applied against the existing employees
- That after the 25th Constitutional amendment, the new C) Constitutional regime demanded streamlining of the erstwhile Tribal Areas with the rest of the Province. So much so, Levies personnel serving in erstwhile FATA and Khasadar Force were accommodated to a larger extent where the Provincial Assembly passed an Act aimed at streamlining the service structure of Ex. FATA Levies Force. The Act not only provides uniform retirement age i.e 60 years for the whole Force but rather enjoins upon the Provincial Government to take steps towards absorption of said Levies and Khasadars in regular police. Regrettably, the appellant has been treated in violation of Constitutional spirit particularly after⊨ the Constitutional amendment and subsequent orders.
- D) That further grounds, with leave of this Hon'ble Tribunal, would be raised at the time of oral submissions.

It is, therefore, humbly prayed that on acceptance of this appeal,

(i) The impugned Notifications No. SO(Police-II)HD/MKD/Levies/Misc./2020 & No. SO (Police-II)HD/1-3/Federal Levies 2021 dated 21-10-2021 issued by respondent No. 2 be declared as illegal, the same may be set aside. Consequently, the appellant may be held entitled to complete his service till attaining 60 years of age in light with Notification dated 14-07-2020.

Alternatively, the impugned notifications may be declared to be ineffective upon the rights of the appellant and the appellant be allowed to complete his service till attaining 60 years of age.

ii) Any other remedy though may not specifically prayed for, but which circumstances of the case would demand in the interests of justice, may also be granted.

Appellant

ellant Sold

Muhammad Rasool Khan Identified by counsels

Dr. Adnan Khan Barrister-at-Law, Advocate Supreme Court of Pakistan.

Umar Sadiq Advocate High Court

CERTIFICATE:

Certified that no such like appeal has earlier been filed before this Hon'ble Tribunal on the subject matter.

Appellant

Muhammad Rasool Khan

16 July 2

BEFORE THE KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA SERVICE TRIBUNAL, PESHAWAR (CAMP COURT AT SWAT)

Service Appeal No of 2022	
Muhammad Rasool Khan	Appellant
<u>VERSUS</u>	
Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa and ano	ther
	Respondents

AFFIDAVIT

I, Muhammad Rasool Khan (Appellant), do hereby solemnly affirm and declare that the contents of the above titled Appeal are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. Furthermore, no such like appeal has earlier been filed before this Hon'able Tribunal or elsewhere on this subject matter

DEPONENT

Muhammad Rasool Khan

Objust

BEFORE THE KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA SERVICE TRIBUNAL, PESHAWAR (CAMP COURT AT SWAT)

	Service Appeal No of 2023
	Muhammad Rasool Khan
	<u>Versus</u>
	Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa and another
	Respondents
	ADDRESSES OF THE PARTIES.
<u>AF</u>	PPELLANT:
	Muhammad Rasool Khan S/o Muhammad Wazir R/o Gulkada No.1 Saidu Sharif, District Swat [Sepoy No.553069]. (NIC#15602-1930420-1) (Cell#
RE	ESPONDENTS:
• .	Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa through Chief Secretary, Civil Secretariat at Peshawar.
	2) Government of Khyber through Secretary Home & Tribal Affairs
	Department, Civil Secretariat at Peshawar. 3) Commandant Swat Levies/Deputy Commissioner, District Swat.
	Respondents
•	Appellant Johns
	Muhammad Rasool Khan Identified by counsels
	- Querona

Dr. Adnan Khan Barrister-at-Law, Advocate Supreme Court of Pakistan.

Umar Sadiq Advocate High Court

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT COORDINATION OFFICER SWAT/COMMANDANT

No	15:	163	ÝΓ	ററ
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Dated the 45 /6/2010.

ORDER

As per recommendations of the Departmental Selection Committee, the District Coordination Officer/Commandant Swat Levies has been pleased to notify the appointment of the following candidates as Sepoy BPS-05 as Technical Staff-plus usual allowances against the vacant post with immediate effect:

S.No	Name	Father Name	Address
Cook			
	Amjad Ali	Usman Ali	Watkay Shahdara, Mingora, Swat
2	Sami Ullah	Mian-Gul Bostan	Near Girls College Vill & P.O Saidu Sharif
Plumb	er		
3.	İslam Ullah	Rustam Zaman	Alsar Abad, Saidu Sharif, Swat:
	Riaz Ahmad	Hameed Gut	New Chail P.O Madiyan, Teh. Bahrain District Swat:
Carpe	nter		
4.5	Barkat Ali Khan	Buzarg Jameer Khan	Moh. Dag Bazar, Bahrain
.6	Mian Umar Khan	Juma Khan	Skai Chena Amankot
7.	Muhammad Rasool Khan	Muhammad Aziz	Gulkada No. 1 Saidu Sharif, Swat
Electi	ician		
87	Farman Ali	Said Fagir	Nasar Khel Saidu Sharif District Swat.
9.	Sand Ullah	Janullah	Moh. Alsar Abad P.O Saidu Sharif District Swat
10		Muhammad Zarin Khan	Mingora Swat
11.	Akbar Shah	Zahir Shah	Moh. Musa Khel Naway Kilay Mingora
Tailo			
12	Sajjad Ahmad .	Farid Gul	Moh. Zorr Cham Saidu Sharif District Swat
13	Sher Alam	Haidar Zaman	Moh. Nasar Khel Saidu Sharif District Swat
3/3/14	RahmatAli	Ali Rahman	Moh. Molvi Abdul Manan Rahim Abad Mingora District Swat
Swee	per		
ν 1 5	- Shah Wali	Shah Zameen Khan	Moh. Usaman Khell Amankot District Swat
- 16	Muhammad Rahim	Razal Karim	Bashigram P.O Madiyan Tch Bahrain
3,17	Zia Ullah Jan 🤭 🐠	Atta Ullah Jan	Moli. Zorr Cham Saidu Sharil, Swat
7-18	Imran Ullah	Aziz ur Rahman	Moh. Marghazar Town, Mingora Swat
Cobb	ler		聖子德 医原生性神经病病
19	Naimat Gul.	Rahim Oul	Goli Gram P.O Saidu Sharif District Swat
Dho			
. 20		Abdul Khaliq	Afsar Abad, Saidu Sharif, Distt. Swat

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ner	·· · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Muhammad Necom		Moh. Klimat Cham P O Saidu Sharif District Gwat
L ,	* • • • - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·
Shah ur Rahman	Shamsul Anun	Baram Aldar Abad, Mingma Swat
Adnan	Pervesh Khan	Meh Usman Khel Amankut, Swat
Umar Zuda	Arod & Khan	Mon. Shohid Abod P O Saidu Sharil Swot
· k		*
Abdullah	Gul	Muhrula, Matikhel, Kot
Asad Khari	Saclaraz Khan	Moh. Met Khel Amenhot, Swat
ci.	. •	de
Haidat Ali	Zinrat Gul	Sohrab Kuin Mingers Swat
Freat Maule	Akise Khar	Moh. Nac a Kest Vall & P.O Cauda filland
ex.	4 • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	2. 2.2.2
Af al Khen	Muhammed Rates il Khan	Meh. Pertan Med Ingero Dhetai, Swet
Ajmil	Sher Bahadar	Theh. Dane'r Khel Am mhet, I wat
	Shah ur Rohman Adnan Umar Zade Abdullah Acad Khan Erral Maula Af. di Khan	Muhammad Neem Muhammad Iqbal Shah ur Rahman Shamsul Anun Adnan Pervesh Khan Umar Zuda Arada Khan Abdullah Gul Asad Khan Sarfaraz Khan Enral Maula Aldust Khan After Khan Muhammad Ratas i Khan After Khan Muhammad Ratas i Khan After Khan Muhammad Ratas i Khan

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

- Their recruitment will be subject to the verification of the antecedents of the applicant from the concerned agencies.
- The appointees will be allowed to resign the service on one month prior notice and in some of resignation without notice, two months Pay/allowances if any pehali be forfeited in favour of Government.
- 3. Their pervious can be terminated at any time in cone their performance is found un-satisfactory.
- 4- The appointers should join duties within one week of the issue of this order.

DISTRICT COORDINATION OFFICER/ COMMANDANT SWAT LEVIES SWAT

No. 15264-65 DCO

Copy forwarded to:-

- 1- District Accounts Officer, Swat.
- 2- Officials concerned.

DISTRICT COORDINATION OFFICER/ COMMANDANT SWAT LEVIES SWAT

KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA · Published by Authority PESHAWAR, FRIDAY, 15TH FEBRUARY, GOVERNMENT OF KIYBER PAKHTUNKIWA HOME & TRIBAL AFFAIRS DEPARTMENT NOTIFICATION Postures the 4th February 2013 SERVICE RULES FOR FEDERAL LEVIES FORGE IN PATA in exercise of the powers conferred by Section 9 of the PATA Levies Force Regulation Provincial Government of Klyber Paldrumkines is pleased to make the following rules, namely: Short this and commencement - (1) These rules may be called the him simplifying the called Carrier P. Land B. Company Company Company Company Control of Parling Spring Control of Parling Control of P They shall come into force at once. Definitions. (1) in these Rules, unless the context divergise require, the follows shall have the meaning hereby respectively assigned to them, namely: "Appointing Authority" means the appointing authority specified in rule-45 "Commandant" niesus Commandant of the Force, who shall be the Dept Commissioner in their respective injediction; Deputy Commandant (Operation) means an Assistant Commissioner of the District designated as such by the provincial government who stall (c) Deputy Commandant (Operation) of the Force in PATA, to exercise in his rest jurisdiction such powers and parform such functions as may be prescribe who shall be responsible to the Commandant for operational matters of the La PATA. . . "Deplity Commandant (Administration)" - means (Administration) of the Force, who shall be an officer of the provincial gives or any afficer of the District designated as such by the provincial govern-exercise in his respective jurisdiction such powers and perform such forg may be presented and who shall be responsible to the Comm administration and establishment matters of the Force in PATA. "Government" means the Government of Knyber Paiditumbres; "Home Department, means Provincial Home & Tribal Affairs Department; "Initial relations of means appointment made other than by promo transfer. "Schedule" means the Schedule ap-



GOVERNMENT OF KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA HOME &TRIBAL AFFAIRS DEPARTMENT

NOTIFICATION Peshawar the 4th February 2013

SERVICE RULES FOR FEDERAL LEVIES FORCE IN PATA

In exercise of the power conferred by Section 9 of the PATA Levies Force Regulation 2012, the Provincially Government of Khyber Pakhunkhwa is pleased to make the following rules, namely:

- 1. Short title and commencement:- (1) These rules may be called Provincially Administrated Tribal Areas (PATA) Federal Levies Force Service (Amended) Rules, 2013.
 - (2) They shall come into force at once.
 - 2. Definition:- (1) In these Rules, unless the context otherwise require, the following expression shall have the meaning hereby respectively assigned to them, namely:-
 - (a) "Appointing Authority" means the appointing authority specified in rule-4;
 - (b) "Commandant" means Commandant of the Force, who shall be the Deputy Commissioner in their respective jurisdiction;
 - (c) "Deputy Commandant (Operation)" means as Assistant Commissioner or any officer of the District designated as such by the provincial government who shall be Deputy Commandant (Operation) of the Force in PATA, to exercise in his respective jurisdiction such power and perform such functions as may be prescribed; and who shall be responsible to the Commandant for operational matters of the Force in PATA.
 - (d) "Deputy Commandant (Administration)" means Deputy Commandant (Administration) of the Force, who shall be an officer of the provincial government or any officer of the District designated as such by the provincial government to exercise in his respective jurisdiction such powers and perform such functions as may be prescribed and who shall be responsible to the Commandant in administration and establishment matters of the Force in PATA.
 - (e) "Government" means the Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa;
 - (f) "Home Department" means Provincial Home & Tribunal Affairs

 Department;
 - (g) "Initial recruitment" means appointment made other than by promotion or by transfer;
 - (h) "Schedule" means the Schedule appended to these rules'

CIT



SCHEDULE-III See Rule 17

S.# Post/Rank Length of service/Age Subedar Major (BS-16) Subedar Major (BS-16) Subedar Major (BS-16) Subedar (BS-13) Subedar (BS-13) Subedar (BS-13) Subedar (BS-13) Subedar (BS-14) Subedar (BS-14) Subedar (BS-14) Subedar (BS-14) Subedar (BS-15) Subedar (BS-16) Subedar (BS-16) Subedar or 03 years service as Niab Subedar or years ago whichever is earlier. Havaidar (BS-8) Subedar (BS-16) Subedar or 03 years service as Niab Subedar or years ago whichever is earlier. Subedar or 03 years service as Niab Subedar or years ago whichever is earlier. Subedar (BS-16) Subedar (BS-16) Subedar or 03 years service as Niab Subedar or years ago whichever is earlier. Subedar or 03 years service as Niab Subedar or 03 years service as Havaidar or 51 years ago whichever is earlier. Subedar (BS-16) Subedar (BS-16) Subedar (BS-16) Subedar or 03 years service as Niab Subedar or 03 years service as Havaidar or 51 years ago whichever is earlier. Subedar (BS-16) Subedar (BS-16) Subedar (BS-16) Subedar or 03 years service as Niab Subedar or 03 years service as Niab Subedar or 03 years service as Niab Subedar or 04 years service as Niab Subedar or 05 years serv			See Rule 17
years age whichever is earlier 3. Naib Subedar (BS-11) 3. Naib Subeda	S.#	Post/Rank	
age whichever is earlier 32 years service or 03 years service as Niab Subedar or years age whichever is earlier. 4 Havaldar (BS-8) 29 years service or 03 years service as Havaldar or 51 years whichever is earlier 5 Naik (BS-7) 26 years service or 03 years service as Naik or 48 years whichever is earlier 27 years service or 03 years service as L/Naik or 45 years whichever is earlier	1	Subedar Major (BS-16)	years age whichever is carried
years ago whichever is earlier 29 years service or 03 years service as Havaldar or 51 years service or 03 years service as Naik or 48 years Naik (BS-7) 26 years service or 03 years service as Naik or 48 years whichever is earlier 27 years service or 03 years service as L/Naik or 45 years whichever is earlier	2	Subedar (BS-13)	age whichever is earlier
sge whichever is earlier 26 years service or 03 years service as Naik or 48 years whichever is earlier 23 years service or 03 years service as L/Naik or 45 years whichever is earlier	3	Naib Subedar (BS-11)	years age whichever is earlier.
whichever is earlier 23 years service or 03 years service as L/Naik or 45 years whichever is earlier	4	Havaidar (BS-8)	age whichever is earlier
whichever is earlier	5	Naik (BS-7)	whichever is carlier
7 Sepoy (BS-5 20 years service or 42 years age whichever is earlier	1	(BS-6)	whichever is earlier
1	-	7 Sepoy (BS-5	20 years service or 42 years ago whichever is earlier

CT-C

Honne & Tribal Ale Beartment
Dated Pashavar the 12th December, 2015

NOTIFICATION

No Softwies HD/FLW/1-1/2018 Nol.1. The competent authority has been pleased to a lurcher amendments in Schredule-Laf Rillo-4(2) and achequile-III of Rules:17 under Partin Regulation for PATA Levies Force, 2022 & Rule-14 of the Provincially commissions in Regulation for PATA Levies Force, 2022 & Rule-14 of the Provincially commissions (Amended Rules, 2019 as under-

Rula-4(Z) Schedulet

See Kule 4 (2)

Uniformed Force	promotion	Diota ?	Direct : .Qt	Million.
Subeterritation	One year service at	100%	1	
	One year service as Naib Suberial		1:1	
Nalb Subedar	One year service and Hawaidar		+ +	
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7-Nelk	Five years service		-	
185-6).	as Sepoy		109%	Middle
(85-5)	Five years' serv	co 100%	-	Middi
(BPS-5)	as Assistant Armorer		100%	Midd
Assistant Armorer			re as per Sch	Mytr of A

Rose-17 (Retirement) (1) All uniform levy personnel shall retire as per Schedule-III or unit for retirement after complete. of 25 years of regular service and no extension was redressent thall be granted.

achepulz-ill Rule-17 Bledreman

	1 Rule 17 Plearential
Post/ Rank	Angth of service of 60 years of age whichever is early and service of 60 years of age whichever is earlied to 60 years of age whichever warlied
Suberter Majort BS-161-	32 years, service of 80 years of the heart garile.
Superact Manager	32 years' service or 60 years of age whichever sarlie.
Suhedar 85-13	35 years service or 60 years of age whichever earlie
Najb Subecar(BS-11)	31 years service or 60 years of age whichever earlie
Hawaldar(BU-8	3) years service or 60 years of age whichever certie
** 616 Jan 1	20 years service or 60 years of age whichever earlie
	25 Tears' service or 60 years of age whichever cartle
Sepoy(BS-5)	1/4 Icas

ete !

Government of Kyber Pakhtunkhwa, Home & Tribal Affairs Department Dated Peshawar the 12th December, 2013

NOTIFICATION

SO(Levies)HD/FLW/1-1/2013/Vol.1. The Competent authority has been pleased to order unities amendments in Schedule-I of Rule-4(2) and Schedule-III of Rules-17 under Para of the ulation for PATA Levies Force, 2012 & Rule-24 of the Provincially Administered Area PATA) Federal Levies Force Service (Amended) Rules, 2013 as under: Rule-4(2) Schedule -

SCHEDULE-1 See Rule 4(2)

Qualification . Direct Uniformed Force Promo Eligibility for S.No PostiRank Quota tion promotion Quota One year service 100% Subedar Majof (BSas Subedar 16) 100% One year service Subedar (BS-13) as Nalb Subedar One year service 190% Naib Subedar (BS-11) as Hawaldar. 100% One year service Hawaldar (BS-8) as Naik 100% One year service Nalk (BS-7) as Lance Naik 100% One year service Lance Nalk (BS-6) Middle Pass/Matric as Sepoy 100% Middle Pass/Matric Sepoy (BS-5) 100% One year service Head Armorer (BS-5) as Assistant Middle Pass/Matric Armorer 100% Assistant Armorer

Rule-17 (Retirement): (1) All uniform levy personnel shall retire as per Schedule-III or opt for retirement after completion of 25 years of regular service and no extension beyond retirement shall be granted.

SCHEDULE -III

SI IMII DO		Rule -17 (Retirement)
C 212	Post/Rank,	Length of service or 60 years of age whichever is earlier 37 years' of service or 60 years of age whichever is earlier
1 4	Subedar Major (BS-16)	37 years' of service or ou years of one whichever is earlier
1.	Subedar (BS-13)	37 years' of service or 60 years of age whichever is earlier 35 years' of service or 60 years of age whichever is earlier
2.	Nalb Subedar (BS-11)	
3.	Hawaidar (BS-8)	· I · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
4.		- CO MANUE WILLS WILLS
5.	Naik (BS-7)	
6.	Lance Naik (BS-6)	28 years' of service or 60 years of age whichever is earlier 25 years' of service or 60 years of age whichever is earlier
7.	Sepoy (BS-5)	

Ame D (13)

at All Levies Personal shall retire from specific on antaining thes age of seperamention i.e. sixty (60) years or they may opt for bethement after completion of menty-five (25) years regular service.

Schedule-III shall be deletal.

HOME DEPARTMENT NOTIFICATION Dated Peshawar the 14-07-2020



No. SO (Police-IDHD/1-3: In exercise of the power conferred by Section 9 of the Provincially Administered Tribal Areas Levies Force Regulation 2012, the Government of the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa is pleased to direct that in the Provincially Administered Tribal Areas (PATA) Federal Levies Force Service (Amended) Rules, 2013, the following further amendments shall be made, namely:

Amendments

In the said rules:-

- a) Fro rule 17, the following shall be substituted, namely:
 - "17. Retirement All Levies Personal shall retire from service on attaining then age of superannuation i.e sixty (60) years or they may opt for retirement after completion of twenty-five (25) years regular service, and
- b) Schedule-III shall be deleted.

SECRETARY TO GOVT: OF KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA HOME DEPARTMENT

Copy forwarded to the:-

CTC

hed by Bellion & of the PATA Li ESECUZIONE TO MAN 信用語 70 (20)



Better Coly.

be substituted notification of even No & date.

GOVERNMENT OF KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA HOME AND TRIBAL AFFAIRS DEPARTMENT



NOTIFICATION Peshawar, dated the 22-3-2021

of the in exercise No. SQ(Police-II)HD/MKD/Levies/Misc./2020:conferred by Section-9 of the PATA Levies Force Regulation, 2012, the Provincial Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa is pleased to direct that in the PATA Federal Levies Force Service (Amended) Rules, 2013, the following further amendments shall be made, namely:-

- In Rule 4, sub-rule (1), the following shall be substituted, namely: in the said rules:
 - (I)- Commandant shall be the appointing authority for initial
 - recruitment and promotion up to the rank of Subedan Provided that the appointing authority for purpose of promotion to the posts of Subedar Major and Superintendents shall be Secretary, Home Department.".
 - For Rule 17, the following shall be substituted namely:
 - 417. Retirement: All Levy personnel shall retire as per Schedule-III and no extension in service after retirement shall be granted".
 - For Schedule-III, the following shall be substituted, namely:

-Schedule-ill

5. No.	Name of the Post / Rank	(see rule 17) Qualification for Promotion	Length of Service /
	Subedar Major (BS-16)	On the basis of Sentority- cum-fitness from amongst	Thirty Seven Years or Three Years' Service as Subjecter Major or Sixty
	Subadai majar	the Substant having intermediate Qualification	rears of age whose
	Subedai (BS-13)	By promotion, on the basis of Seniority Cum Fitness in	service of Five Yeras
2	Supposition	tite tollowing	Sixty years of my
		(i) Filty Percent (out the form amongst the Subedan	5
		having intermediate qualification; and	.3
		(ii) Fifty Percent (50% from amongst Na	· ,
1,		Subedars navia	ol
		By promotion, on the bar	is Thirty Three Yes
3.	Naib Subedar (BS-11)	of Seniority Cum Fitness the following manning	777 L Mar No.





	qualification, and (ii) Fifty Percent (50) amongst Hawalders	%) from
S. No.	Name of the Post / Rank Qualification for Prom	Age
4	Hawaidar (8S-08)	Thirly One years service or Three years service as Hawaldar or Fifty One years of age, whichever is earlier.
5	Neik (BS:07)	Twenty Nine years service or Three years service as Nalk of Forty Eight years of age, whichever is earlier.
6	Unalk (8S-06)	Twenty Seven years a service or Three years service as L/Naik or Forty Five years of age whichever is earlier.
7.	Sapoy (BS-05)	Twenty Five years service or Forty Two years of age, whicheve is earlier.

GOVERNMENT OF KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA HOME & TRIBAL AFFAIRS

- Principal Secretary to the Governor, Knyber Pakhtunkhwa.
- 2. Principal Secretary to the Chief Minister, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa.
- All Administrative Secretaries to Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhy
 Registrar, Peshawar High Court, Peshawar.
- 5. All Commissioners, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa.
- All Deputy Commissioners, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa.
- Provincial Police Officers, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa.
- All Heads of Attached Department in Khyber Pakhtunkhw
- 9. PSO to the Chief Secretary, Khyber Pakhturkhwa.
- 10. Accountant General, Khyber Pakhturkhwa. 11. Direction Information, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa.
- The Manger Government Printing & Stationery Department, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa. He is requested to publish the above Notification in the Extra Ordinary Gazette of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa and supply 50 copies (Printed) of the same to the Home Department

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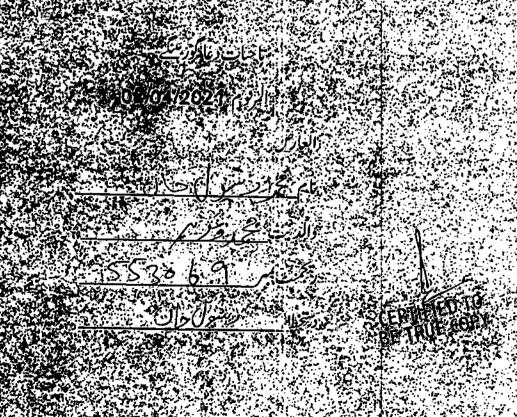
کر بازن بھے مرال دونے لورش کی بھٹ جائ ملے سوائی کی سات میں بھٹ کا دونان داؤیا فار ابھا کہ دیے ہے۔ روکو کر اردواروں اور داؤی بازمت ساز دے کو جمعن شرحہ (22/03/202 کے بیندول 23 کے مطالع کر دورہ باکٹر ایسے بیان دی روز بر مورے میں بیان کے قوام رون 10/12 میان میں جائے کہ میں باکٹ کا 28/20 میال میں ریاز موردے میں جماع میں 23/22 میال میں اور مولداواں می 25 ممال کے ان میار کو مورک میں جائے ہوئے ہوئے ہوئے کا

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لدارد بالإعلاق كور بطر مصر بداء و 160 كور في الكان دون عند طابق جال كان ورد

22/03/2021 و 22/03/2020 و و المنظمة ال







NO. SOIPOLICE-HIHD/1-3/FEDERAL LEVIES 2021:- In exercise of the powers conferred by Section-9 of the PATA Levies Force Regulation, 2012, and in continuation of this department notification No. SO(Police-II)HD/MKD/levies/Misc/2020 dated 22-03-2021, the Provincial Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa is pleased to direct that in the PATA Federal Levies Force Service (Amended) Rules, 2013, the following further amendments shall be made, namely:-

S. No.	Name of the Post / Rank	Length of Service / Age
1	Subedor Mojor (85-16)	Thirty Seven Years of service or Three Years' Service as Subadar Major or Sirty Years of age whichever is earlier.
2	Subedor (85-14)	Thirty five Years of service or Five Years' service as Subedar or Striy years of age whichever is earlier.
3.	Note Subeder [85-11]	Thirty Three Years of Service or Seven Years' service as Nailo Subedor or Skity Years of age whichever is earlier.
4	Howalder (85-09)	Thirty one years of service or fifty one year at age whichever is earlier.
s	Nolk (85-08)	Twenty nine years of service or larty nine years age whichever is earlier.
6	AL/NOX (85-06)	I liverity seven years of service or lony seveniyears age whichever is earlier.
7	Sepoy (85-07)	I wenty live years of service or farty five year of age whichever is earlier.

5.N	Post/Rank	Eligibility for Promotion	Promotion Quota	Direct Quata	Qualifical
	Supedar Wolar (82-16)	62 years' service as Subeday Or Tatrol 21 years of service	199%		
2	Subedar (85-14)	02 years' service as NGIO Subodus Or Total 19 years of service	100%	:	
	Naio Subedar (85-11)	04 years' service as Howaldor Or 101al 17 years of service	100%		
<u> </u>	Howaldor (85-09)	US years' service as Nois Or Total 13 years of service	100%		
5	/Nosk (85-08)	03 years' service as Lance Holk Or Tolar 08 years of service			
	L/NOR (BS-OB)	05 years' service as Sepay		 	 -
7	Sepoy (85-07)		-!	100%	SSC
9	Head Amorer (85-5) Assistant Amorer	05 years' service as Assistant Armorer	100%		SSC Qualification with certificate of Armorer
	(85-1)			100%	SSC Qualificatio with certificate of

SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT OF KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA



Copy forwarded to the:-

- 1. Principal Secretary to the Governor, Khyber Pakhlunkhwa.
- 2. Principal Secretary to the Chief Minkler, Khyber Pathlunkhwa.
- 3. All Administrative Secretaries to Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa.
- 4. Registrar, Peshawar High Court, Peshawar.
- 5. All Commissioners, Khyber Pokhlunkhwa.
- All Deputy Commissioners, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa.
- Provincial Police Officers, Knyber Pakhlunkhwa.
- All Heads of Altached Department in Khyper Pakhlunkhwa.

- 9. PSO to the Chief Secretary, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa.
 10. Accountant General, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa.
 11. Direction information, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa. 12. The Manger Government Printing & Stationery Department, Khyber Rakhtunkhwa. He is requested to publish the above Notification in the Extra Ordinary Gazet) a of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa and supply 50 copies (Printed) of

the same to the Home Department.

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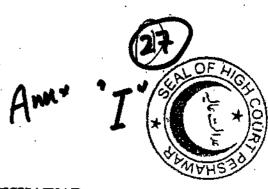
عَوَّانَ الْحُوْلِوَ وَالْمُوْلِدِينَ وَالْمُرَالِ وَلَا عَلِمُ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ وَلَا عَلَيْهِ وَالْمُوْلِدِ 21-4022021 مَدُولِدِ عَارِيْهِ عَارِيْهِ عَارِيْهِ عَارِيْهِ عَارِيْهِ عَارِيْهِ عَارِيْهِ عَالِمِهِ عَالِمَةِ عَالِمَةِ عَالِمَةِ عَالِمَةِ عَالِمَةِ عَالِمَةِ عَالِمَةِ عَالِمَةِ عَالِمَةِ عَالِمَةً عَالِمَةً عَالِمُ عَلَيْهِ عِلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَ

رو کرسرال سرات آفرد من محتی مناق کلفت و برس رجنانی زیرنیان مزهای رہے ہے۔ مورک مارال کے طارعت میں مردول محکولا طاقعے جلف اوقات مان میں ہے۔ مورک مارال کے طارعت میں مردول محکولا طاقعے جلف اوقات مان میں ہے۔

. الأروب وروب من المروز المنظمة المورد المنظمة المنظمة المنظمة المنظمة المنظمة المنظمة المنظمة المنظمة المنظمة المان المنظمة ا

ں نے روروروں اور بال مان ہے کارت خامان میان دیار کا دو کال کران کر اور کا کا کران کے اور کا کا کران کے اور کو 10-2021 تاریخ کا موں کر نے کو در کا 20 کا کا کرنے کا مجمول کر کرانا تاہے کے مورد کر کردی کے دور کے دور کے دور

29/10/202<u>1/قيم 29</u>/10/202



<u> Judgment Sheet</u>

PESHAWAR HIGH COURT, PESHAWAR.

(JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT)

W.P.No.367-M/2021 with I.R, CM Nos.1053/2021 & 1183/2022. JUDGMENT

Date of hearing — 29.11.2022.

Barrister Dr.Adnan for petitioners.

Mr.Saqib Raza, A.A.G for the respondents.

S M ATTIQUE SHAH. J:- Through this single judgment, we shall also decide the connected writ petitions bearing Nos.337-M/2021, 406-M/2021, 503-M/2021, 514-M/2021, 518-M/2021, 450-M/2021, 601-M/2021, 681- M/2021, 632- M/2021, 919-M/2021, 968- M/2021, 980- M/2021, 1221-M/2021, 1222-M/2021, 1252-M/2021, 2210-P/2021, 2913-P/2021, 5092-P/2021, 5423-P/2021, and 5424-P/2021 as adjudication of a common question of law and fact is involved in all the petitions wherein the petitioners have challenged the vires of notification No. SO (Police-II) MKD/Levies/Misc/2020 dated 22.03.2021 whereby on the basis of impugned office order bearing No.128/DC/CSL dated







20.04.2021, they have been retired from service with further prayer that they be reinstated into service from the date of their retirement i.e. 20.04.2021 with all back benefits. In alternative, they have prayed that the respondents be directed to treat them at par with erstwhile Federal Levies of Federally Administrated Tribal Area (FATA) and; absorb them in police and; grant them full pensionary benefits.

Likewise in W.P.Nos.333-M/2021. 334-M/2021, 335-M/2021. 338-M/2021, 345-M/2021, 1026-M/2021, 1035-M/2021, 1187-M/2021, 1206-M/2021, 1207-M/2021, 34-M/2022, 212-M/202 and 993-P/2022 the petitioners have made the following prayer:

> "On acceptance of this writ petition, the impugned Notification SO (Police-II) HD/ MKD/Levies/ Misc/2020 is against law and the fundamental rights guaranteed by Constitution of islamic Republic of Pakistan, 1973, may be declared illegal void ab initio and of no legal effects on the rights of the petitioners."



Similarly, in COC Nos.38-M/2021 in W.P.No.367-M/2021 and COC No.436-P/2022 in W.P.No.1335-P/2022 petitioners seek initiation of contempt of court proceedings against the respondents for violating the order of this court dated 21.04.2021 passed in W.P.No.367-M/2021.

3. Brief facts of the case(s) are that the petitioners were appointed in the "Swat Levies Force" as Sepoys etc. and presently terms and conditions of their services are regulated by "Provincially Administrated Tribal Areas Levies Force Regulation 2012" whereunder besides PATA Levies Force Rules, 2012, PATA Levies Force Service (Amended) Rules 2013 were also framed. Rule 17 of the Amended Rules 2013, deals with the retirement of personnel of the force, which was amended vide notification dated 12.12.2013 in the manner that "All the personnel shall retire as per Schedule-III and no extension in service beyond retirement shall be granted". On 14.07.2020. vide Notification

> EXAMINER Peshawar High Court

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(Police-II)HD/1-3, rule 17 was further amended by deleting schedule-IV as *All uniformed force shall retire from service on attaining the age of superannuation i.e. Sixty (60) years or they may opt for retirement after completion of twenty-five (25) years regular service". Thereafter once again through certain modifications rule, 17 was amended by giving life to the deleted schedule-III of the rules 2013 as under:-

"Retirement; All levy personnel shall retire as per Schedule-ill and no extension in service after retirement shall be granted."

- 4. Being aggrieved from the ibid amendment, the petitioners have filed the instant petitions.
- 5. Pursuant to the directions of this court respondents have filed their parawise comments, wherein issuance of the desired writs has been opposed.
- 6. Learned counsel representing the petitioners vehemently argued that the

ATTESTED EXAMPLER Peshawar high Court C.T.C



impugned Notification is arbitrary, perverse, illegal, issued without lawful authority and mala fide intention just to deprive the petitioners of their vested rights accrued in their favour hence violative of their fundamental rights guaranteed under the Constitution and thus not sustainable in the eye of law. That though the impugned Notification was issued under the regulation 2012. However, after the 25th Constitutional amendment, the said regulation does not hold field, therefore, the impugned Notification is liable to be set aside.

7. Conversely, worthy AAG representing the respondents opposed the arguments so advanced by learned counsel representing the petitioners at the bar while arguing that after the 25th amendment the Provincial Assembly passed the continuation of laws Act No.111 of 2019 through which the laws applicable to erstwhile PATA were allowed to continue including "Provincial Administered Tribal Areas Levies Force Regulation, 2012" and;

EXAMINED Examined Peshawar High Court

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issued per law which does not require any interference by this court in its writ jurisdiction under Article 199 of the Constitution. Further, petitioners are Civil Servants, and; matter in question revolves around the terms and conditions of their service which is the exclusive domain of the Service Tribunal as such the jurisdiction of this court is barred given the explicit provision of Article 212 of the Constitution.

- 8. Heard, Record perused.
- 9. Before discussing merits of the case we deem it appropriate to discuss the background of the matter in hand to properly comprehend the issue involved therein. It is worth mentioning that earlier the services of the Levies Force were dealt with under the Frontier Irregular Corps (FIC) rules, 1962 which was substituted by the "Provincial Administered Tribal Areas Levies Force Regulation, 2012" (regulation) and under the said regulation "PATA Levies



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Force (service) Rules, 2012" were framed for Provincial Levies Force. While separate service rules were also framed thereunder for PATA Federal Levies Force performing duties in "PATA" known as "PATA Federal Levies Force Service (Amended) Rules 2013. Rule 17 of the ibid rules deals with the retirement of the Levies personnel which was amended from time to time. However. petitioners have become aggrieved from the impugned Notification vide which the petitioners' retirement age was altered which is challenged by them through Instant petitions.

10. The main contention of the petitioners is that after 25th amendment the regulation has lost its efficacy and sanctity and has become redundant, therefore, the impugned amendment under the said regulation is illegal being void ab initio. It is worth mentioning that after the 25th amendment in 2018, both *FATA & PATA* were merged in the province of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa and Federal *Levies Force*

EXAMINE Peshawar High Court

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working in FATA was merged into the regular police of the province. Albeit, in Malakand Division, Levies Force Is still regulated by "PATA Federal Levies Force Service (Amended) Rules 2013 in view of the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Act No 111 of 2019 through which the laws prevalent in erstwhile PATA at the time of 25th amendment were allowed to continue including regulation 2012 which still holds the field and as such the same is a valid instrument. Therefore. impugned Notification was issued by the respondents with lawful authority.

11. Moving toward the status of the petitioners it is worth mentioning that earlier this court while deciding W.P No 528-M/2016 (Ikramullah's case) determined the status of personnel of the Provincial Levies Force as that of civil servants in the following terms:-

"19. The Provincial Levies Force
("Force") was granted statutory
cover through Khyber
Pakhtunkhwa Regulation No.1 of

EXAMINER Peshawar High Court

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2014 ("Regulation"). Paragraph No.3 of the Regulation envisages for constitution and establishment of the Force and its functions. For ease reference paragraph Nos. 3 and 4 of the Regulation are reproduced as under:-

- "3. Power to constitute and maintain by the Force and its functions.— (1) Government may constitute and maintain a Force for performing the following functions, namely:
- (a) ensuring security of roads in PATA:
- (b) ensuring security and manning of piquet;
- (c) guarding Government institutions and installations;
- (d) ensuring security of jails and arrested criminals:
- (e) generally maintaining law and order providing mobile escort to VIPs;
- (f) anti-smuggling activities especially timber smuggling;
- (g) destruction of illicit crops;
- (h) serving of summons or procedures;
- (i) raid and ambush; and
- such other functions as Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, require the Force to perform.
 - (2) In discharge of their functions, officers and staff of the Force shall

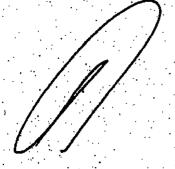






be guided in accordance with this Regulation and the rules,

- (3) The head of the Force shall be Commandant in his respective jurisdiction.
- (4) Secretary to Government, Home and Tribal Affairs Department shall be the competent authority of the Force.
- (5) The Force shall consist of such ranks and number of officers and members and shall be constituted in such manner as may be prescribed by rules.
- (6) The officers and members of the Force shall receive such pay, pension, allowances and other remunerations and shall enjoy such leave and other privileges as may be prescribed by rules.
- (7) The officers and members of the Force shall wear such uniform as may be prescribed by rules or instructions.
- (8) The administration of the Force shall vest in the Commandant in his jurisdiction who shall administer it in accordance with the provisions of this Regulation, rules and instructions.
- (9) The Commandant shall exercise his powers and perform his functions under the general supervision and directions of Government.







- 4. Powers and duties of officers and members of the Force.—An officer or member of the Force shall-
- (a) take effective measures for ensuring security of assigned jurisdiction and for safeguarding against acts of unlawful interference;
- (b) prevent unauthorized persons and vehicles from access to the territorial jurisdiction;
- (c) take effective measures for preventing sabotage, placement of car bombs, letter bombs, dangerous article and carriage of arms and ammunition into the restricted area;
- (d) use such arms and ammunition and equipment as may be authorized by the Commandant or an officer authorized by him;
- (e) search and arrest without warrant any person who he suspects of endangering or attempting to endanger or having endangered the safety of an installation and may use such force as may be necessary in the discharge of his aforesaid duties; and
- (f) perform such other legal functions as the competent authority may require him to perform*.
 - 20. The close perusal of the Regulation would clearly show that the Force is receiving its salary from the Provincial







Exchequer and performs the policing service in the erstwhile PATA.

- 21. Having said this, we would now refer to the crucial issue as to whether the employees of the Force can be termed as a civil servants and as such they cannot maintain a constitutional petition before this Court for enforcement of the terms & conditions of their service.
- 22. The connotation 'civil servant' is defined and explained in respect to the Province of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, in the Civil Servants Act, 1973 ("Act, 1973"). For ease reference, we would refer to Section 2 (b) of Act, 1973, which reads as under:-
- "2. Definitions.—(1) In this act, unless the context otherwise requires the following expressions shall have the meanings hereby respectively assigned to them, that is to say—
- (a)
- (b) "civil servant" means a person who is a member of a civil service of the Province, or who holds a civil post in connection with the affairs of the Province, but does not include—







- a person who is on deputation to the Province from the Federation or any other Province or other authority;
- (ii) a person who is employed on contract, or on work charged basis, or who is paid from contingencies; or
- (iii) a person who is a "worker" or "workman" as defined in the Factories Act, 1934 (Act XXV of 1934), or the Workman's Compensation Act, 1923 (Act VIII of 1923)".
 - 23. The perusal of the definition would show that a member of a civil service of the Province or who holds a civil post in connection with the affairs of the Province is civil servant. All Pakistan Services are explained in Article 260 of the Constitution, which reads as under:-

~260. (1)	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
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"service of Pakistan" means any service, post or office in connection with the affairs of the Federation or of a Province, and includes an Ali-Pakistan Service, service in the Armed Forces and any other service declared to be a service of Pakistan by or under Act of [Majlis-e-Shoora







(Parliament)] or of a Provincial Assembly, but does not include service as Speaker, Deputy Speaker, Chairman, Deputy Chairman, Prime Minister, Federal Minister, Minister of State, Chief Minister. Provincial Minister, [Attorney-General], [Advocate-General],] Parliament Secretary] or [Chairman or member of a Law Commission, Chairman or member of the Council of Islamic Ideology, Special Assistant to the Prime Minister, Adviser to the Prime Minister, Special Assistant to a Chief Minister, Adviser to a Chief Minister] or member of a House or a Provincial Assembly,

Whereas Article 240 of the Constitution envisages that:"240. Subject to the Constitution, the appointments to and the conditions of service of persons in the service of Pakistan shall be determined --

- (a)
- (b) in the case of the services of a Province and posts in connection with the affairs of a Province, by or under Act of the Provincial Assembly.

Explanation.- In this Article, "All-Pakistan Service" means a service common to the Federation and the Provinces, which was in existence immediately before the commencing



EXAMINER Peshawar Han court



day or which may be created by Act of [Majlis-e-Shoora (Parliament)]".

24. The Phrase "performing in connection with the affairs of Federation or for present matter Province" was elaborately explained in the case of Salahuddin and 2 others vs. Frontier Sugar Mills & Distillery Ltd., Tokht Bhai and 10 others (PLD 1975 Supreme Court 244). In the said judgment, the Apex Court has held:

"Now, what is meant by the phrase "performing functions in connection with the affairs of the Federation or a Province*. It is clear that reference is to governmental or State functions, involving, in one from or another, an element of exercise of public power. The functions may be the traditional police functions of the State, involving the maintenance of law and order and other regulatory activities; or they may comprise functions pertaining to economic development, social welfare. education, public utility service and other State enterorises industrial or commercial nature. Ordinarily, these functions would be performed by persons or agencies directly appointed, controlled and financed by the State, i.e., by the







Federal Government or a Provincial Government.

Admittedly, as evident from the bare reading of paragraph-3 & 4 of the Regulation, the present petitioners are performing policing service in the erstwhile tribal area, however. their terms and conditions are being regulating through Regulation No.1 of 2014 and after the omission of Article 247 from the Constitution; through a provincial statute i.e. the Khyber Continuation of Laws in the Erstwhile Provincially Administered Tribal Areas Act, 2018 (Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Act No. ili of 2019), the operation of Regulation No.1 of 2014 was continued. Thus, the essential criteria for being a civil servant is that the person holding the post must perform his functions in connection with the affairs of Federation/Province and the terms and conditions of his service should be determined by or under the Act of Parliament/Provincial Assembly. The Apex Court in the case of Federation of Pakistan through Secretary, Ministry of Interior (Interior Division). <u>Islamabad and 2 others vs. RO-</u>

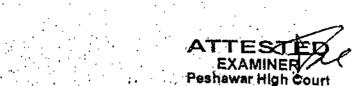




177 Ex-DSR Muhammad Nazir (1998 SCMR 1081), while dealing with the case of an employee of Pakistan Rangers has observed that:

7....Perusal of these rules clearly shows that they are all embracing, and therefore, under the amendment of section 1 of the Pakistan Rangers Ordinance, these rules would prevail over the Rules of 1973. The Pakistan Rangers Ordinance was promulgated to constitute a force called the Pakistan Rangers for the protection of and maintenance of order in the border areas. Since with regard to the status of the members of the force the Pakistan Rangers Ordinance is silent, therefore, it can be safely said that the employees of the Pakistan Rangers will be deemed to be civil servants as they are performing duties in connection with affairs of the Federation and hence under the Service Tribunals Act, 1973, an appeal by a member of the Pakistan Rangers regarding a matter relating to terms and conditions of his service is competent before the Federal Service Tribunal...".

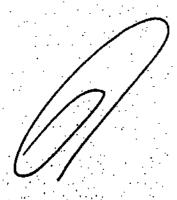
26. Similarly, in the case of <u>Commandant.</u> <u>Frontier</u> <u>Constabulary.</u> <u>Khyber</u> <u>Pakhtunkhwa, Peshawar and</u>





others vs. Gul Raqib Khan and others (2018 SCMR 903), the Hon'ble Apex Court has elaborately examined service structure of the employees of Frontier Constabulary, which is established under Frontier Constabulary Act (Act-XIII) of 1915. Relevant paragraphs of the said judgment are reproduced as under:-

*6. Three broad tests establishing the status and character of a civil servant emerge from the Constitutional mandate of the aforegoing Articles. Firstly, under Article the Constitution, 240(a) of appointments to and the terms and conditions of service of the persons in the "service of Pakistan" are be determined by or under Act of Parliament, Secondly, by virtue of Article 260 of the Constitution, 'service of Pakistan' means any service, post or office in connection with the affairs of the Federation. Thirdly, under Article 212(1) (a) of the Constitution, the exclusive jurisdiction to adjudicate disputes relating to the terms and conditions of persons, who are in the service of Pakistan vests in an Administrative Tribunal, namely, the Federal Service Tribunal. These tests are mentioned the Muhammad Mubeen-us-Salam case







ibid (at pp. 686-689 of the law report). The definition of the term servant' in the Act adopts the Constitutional criteria given in Article 260 noted above to reiterate that a person who, inter alia, holds a civil post "in connection with the affairs of the Federation" including any such post connected with defence, to be a civil servant. The larger Bench has in this respect taken the logical step to incorporate the requirements under Article 240 (a) and 260 of the Constitution as the definitional criteria of the term "civil servant" (at p. 682 of the law report).

Having noticed the qualifying criteria of a civil servant under the law, it is appropriate now to examine the factual matrix of the present controversy. The FC was established by the NWFP Constabulary Act, (Act-XIII) of 1915 ("Constabulary Act"). Section 3 of the Constabulary Act empowers the Federal Government to maintain the FC as a force for the better protection and administration of the external frontiers of Pakistan within the limits of or adjoining North-West Frontier or any part thereof. Section 3-A of the Constabulary Act authorises the Federal Government to employ the FC outside the limits of or adjoining the North-West Frontier Province in other parts of Pakistan for

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better protection the and administration of those parts. Section 5(1) of the Act ibid vests the Federal Government with power to appoint the Commandant and other persons including the District Constabulary Officers or Assistant Constabulary Officers of the force in one or more districts. Section 6 delegates to the Commandant and District Constabulary Officer the power to appoint subordinate officers in the manner prescribed by Rules made The under the Federal Act. Government exercised its power conferred by Section 21 of the Constabulary Act, to frame the NWFP Constabulary Rules, ("Constabulary Rules"), in order to provide the terms and conditions of service of the officers and men in the FC.

It will be observed that the matter of terms and conditions of service of the respondent-employees of the FC, are in the first place regulated by the Constabulary Act and elaborated pursuant thereto by the FC Rules. The provisions made by the Constabulary Rules are in furtherance of and in exercise of the power conferred by the Constabulary Act. Therefore, the terms and conditions of service the employees of the FC are prescribed



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in the Act and the Rules. The test laid down in Article 240(a) of Constitution requires that the appointment to and the terms and conditions of service of posts in connection with the affairs of the Federation and of a service of Pakistan shall be determined "by or under an Act of Parliament. The expression "by or under" in Article 240(a) of the Constitution authorizes the terms and conditions of service of a civil servant to be provided both by statute or by statutory rules. The provision made in the Constabulary Act and the Constabulary Rules, therefore, satisfy the Article 240(a) test. The judgment in the Muhammad Mubeen-us-Salam ibid case endorses this point of view:-

"86.... The terms and conditions of service of those employees, however, are required to be specified under Article 240 of the Constitution by or under Act of the Parliament. Thus, the conclusion would be that only those persons, who are in the service of Pakistan, as discussed hereinabove, and if their terms and conditions are governed either by a statute or statutory rules, in terms of Article 240 of the Constitution, can seek remedy before the Service Tribunals..."

27. Similarly, this Court in the case of Gui Munir vs. The

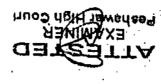
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Division), islamabad and 2 others of Interior (Interior Ansiuiw 20CL008LX SKIS(SU QULONDY Court in the cases of Federation of as per law laid down by the Apex composition, functions and duties ot being civil servant in view of its No. 1 of 2014 qualifies the criteria Force established under Regulation Keeping in view the above, the Regulation, 2012 are civil servants. nuder Federal Levies **E010** conditions of service are governed Levies Force whose terms and that employees of the Federal Regulation No. 1 of 2014 has held empioyees/force as provided in structure of service Regulation, 2012 having the same 9010⁻ **Levies** through Federal Force, which was established with the case of Federal Levies (5018 SCMK 803), while dealing Pakhtunkhwa, Peshawar's case Төдлүү Constabulary Commandant **Flouget** down by the Apex Court in (C.S) 645), on the basis of law laid islemabed and others (2019 PLC Frontier Regions (SAFRON), Secretary, Ministry of States and Government of Pakistan through

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vs. RO-177 Ex-DSR Muhammad Nazir_ (1998 SCMR 1081) and <u>Frontier</u> Commandant. Constabulary. Khyber Pakhtunkhwa. Peshawar and others vs. Gui Raqib Khan and others (2018 SCMR 903), thus, the preliminary objection raised by the the learned counsels for respondents is sustained and accordingly, the present petitions in view of clear bar contained in Article 212 of the Constitution are not maintainable. The agitate their petitioners may grievances before the Provincial Services Tribunal. However, prior to this judgment, the status of present petitioners being a civil servant was not determined and in the similar cases, the Apex Court in Gul Ragib Khan's case (2018 SCMR 903) has held that:

"11. It follows from the dicta laid down above that the protection of the border areas is a sovereign function belonging to and performed by the Federation. The same duty is performed equally I the present case by the FC not only on the frontiers of KPK Province but also by maintaining order in other parts of Pakistan. For discharging such functions, the

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services rendered by the FC have direct nexus with the affairs of the Federation. Therefore, the reasons given in the Muhammad Nazir case (supra) fully apply here as well and we hold that the employees of FC are civil servants. Insofar as the question of competent remedy in respect of service disputes of FC men is concerned, we hold that in a matter relating to the terms and conditions of service of the respondent-employees of the FC, an appeal before the Federal Service Tribunal is available to them as the exclusive remedy under the law. Accordingly, this remedy may be availed by them within the statutory period of limitation commencing from the date of issuance of certified copy of this judgment. All these appeals filed by the appellant-Commandant, FC are according allowed in above terms*.

When case of the petitioners (PATA Federal Levies Force) was examined in juxtaposition with the Provincial Levies Force and ibid judgment, we observed that service of both the forces is governed under the rules so framed under the provisions of "Provincial Administered Tribal Areas Levies Force Regulation,"

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2012". Therefore, we believe that the status of petitioners is that of civil servants for all practical and material purposes, and as such, the matter of terms and; conditions of their service squarely falls outside the ambit of writ jurisdiction of this court given the explicit bar contained in Article 212 of the Constitution. As earlier discussed service rules of the petitioners Force) (PATA Federal Levies Provincial Levies Force both were framed under the provisions *Provincial of Administered Tribal Areas Levies Force Regulation, 2012" and through the ibid judgment, the personnel of Provincial Levies Force were declared as Civil Servants after exhaustively discussing the matter of Levies Force performing their duties in PATA. Therefore, on the same premise, we have no hesitation to hold that the petitioners are Civil Servants as their service fulfills the entire criteria of Civil Servants so provided by the law. Learned counsel representing the petitioners could

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(PATA Federal Levies Force) vis a vis

Provincial Leavy Force in any manner. Both
forces are performing their functions in the
same area for the same object and;
purpose, and both are being maintained
through the provincial exchequer.

Therefore, the matters arising out of the
terms and; conditions of service of the
jurisdiction of the Service Tribunal in terms
of Article 212 of the Constitution.

that they have challenged the vires of the impugned Notification and as such the same are not amenable to the jurisdiction of the Service Tribunal is concerned, suffice it to state that it has long been settled that Service Tribunal has ample jurisdiction to deal with the issue of vires of the law and rules framed thereunder. 2015 SCMR 253 NATIONAL ASSEMBLY SECRETARIAT through Sectrary V. MANZOOR AHMAD and others.

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Therefore, the contention so agitated at the bar is misconceived and as such repelled.

In view thereof, the status of petitioners has been declared as that of Civil Servants and the matter in question revolves around the terms and; conditions of their service which does fall outside the jurisdiction of this court given the baring provision of Article 212 of the Constitution and as such instant petitions are dismissed; being not maintainable. However, the petitioners may approach the worthy Service Tribunal for the redressal of their grievance if so advised. Albeit, earlier the status of petitioners being civil servants was not determined, therefore, petitioners may avail the remedy of appeal within the statutory period of limitation commencing from the date of issuance of the certified copy of this judgment in terms of the judgment of august apex court in Gui Raqib khan's case 2018 SCMR 903.

COC Nos.38-M/2021 in W.P.No.367-M/2021 and; COC No.436-

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P/2022 in W.P.No.1335-P/2022 are

dismissed for having become infructuous.

JUDGE

JUDGE

Announced. Dt.29/11/2022.

HON'BLE MRJUSTICE LALJAN KHATTAK, HON'BLE MRJUSTICE SMATTIQUE SHAH & HON'BLE MR JUSTICE SYED ABSHAD ALJ

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Copying fee	
Total	134
Date of Preparation of Copy.	18-12:25
Date of Delivery of Copy	19-12-22
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كالمن خير يخونخوا سروس في الريول بياور اسوات كي ورك الررسي بنام کرمن دلمر ilology of naco ي تحريراً نكه مقدمه مندرج عنوان بالامين الي طرف سے واسطے پيروي وجواب ديسي وكل كاروائي متعلقه آن مقام ميثا وروسيول كيك كورك سوات كيلي بيرسر عدنان خان ASC عمرصادق الدوكيث مقرركر ك اقراركياجا تا ہے كەصاحب موصوف كومقدمه كى كل كاروائى كاكامل اختياط موكان نيز وكيل صاحب كوراضي نامه وتقرر ثالث وفيصله برحلف وييخ جواب دی اورا قبال دعوی اور درخواست ہرتسم کی تصدیق زراوراس پر دستخط کڑنے کا اختیار ہوگا۔ نیز بصورت عدم پیروی یا دگری ایک طرف یا ایل کی برا مدموگ اورمنسوخ ندکور کے سل یا جزوی کاروائی کے واسطے اور وکیل یا مختار قانونی کواپنی ہمراہ یا اپنی بجائے تقر رکا اختیار ہوگا۔ اورصاحب مقرره شده كوبهي جمله ندكوره بالااختيارات حاصل موسكك اوراسكاساخية برواختة منظور وقبول ہوگا۔اور دوران مقدمہ میں جوخر چہو ہرجانیالتوایے مقدمہ کے سبب ہے ہوگا اسکے ستحق وکیل صاحب ہو تگئے۔ نیز بقایا وخرچہ کی وصولی کرتے وفت كالجهي اختيار موكا أكركونى تاريخ بيشى مقام دوره مرمويا حدي بابرمونو وكيل هما حب بایندنه موتلے کی پیروی مقدمه مذکورلهذا و کالت نامه لکھ دیا ک سندر ہے ، اه د سير aceded by Sod or Add of carply place کے لئے منقلورہ ہے