# FORM OF ORDER SHEET

Court or	 
Case No	 611/ <b>2023</b>

S.No.	Date of order proceedings	Order or other proceedings with signature of judge
.1	2	3
1-	20/03/2023	The appeal of Mr. Abdul Qayum resubmitted today
		by Mr. Muhammad Anwar Khan Advocate. It is fixed for
		preliminary hearing before Single Bench at Peshawar
. ,		on Parcha Peshi is given to appellant/counsel for the
		date fixed.
		By the order of Chairman  REGISTRAR

The appeal of Mr. Abdul Qayum son of Abdul Hakim Belt No. 2050 received today i.e. on 16.03.2023 is incomplete on the following score which is returned to the co Counsel for the appellant for completion and resubmission within 15 days.

- 1- Address of appellant is incomplete be completed according to the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Service Tribunal rules 1974.
- 2- Copy of contract appointment order mentioned in para-1 of the memo of appeal (Annexure-A) is not attached with the appeal.
- 3- Annexure-F of the appeal is illegible which may be replaced by legible/better one.
- 4- Certificate be furnished that whether any appeal on the subject matter has earlier been filed in this Tribunal.

No. 975 /S.T.

Dt. 17/3 /2023

REGISTRAR ERVICE TRIBUNAL

SERVICE TRIBUNAL KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA PESHAWAR.

Mr. Muhammad Anwar Khan Adv. High Court at Peshawar.

> Resubmitted after compliances contract order copy is an page No

8 = 9.

# BEFORE THE KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA SERVICE TRIBUNAL, PESHAWAR

Mr. Abdul Dayum 5/0 Abdul Hakeem

APPLICATION FOR HEARING THE ABOVE TITLE APPLICANT'S SERVICE APPEAL IN PESHAWAR AS ALL THE PRINCIPALS RESPONDENTS ARE IN PESHAWAR.

## **Respectfully Sheweth:**

It is humbly requested that the preliminary hearing of the above applicants may please be honor to hear in Peshawar.

Dated: 16/03/2023

Muhammad Anwar Khan Advocate, High Court, Peshawar. BEFORE THE KPK SERVICES TRIBUNAL, PESHAWAR
Service Appeal No. 6// /2023

Mr. Abdul Qayum S/o Abdul Hakim

VERSUS

## INDEX

S.No	Description of Documents	Annex	Pages
1.	Grounds of Service Appeal		1-4
2.	Affidavit		5
- 3.	Addresses of Parties		6
4-	Copy of contract appointment orders	A	7-9
5.	Copy of regular appointment order	В	10-12
6.	Copy of Application/ Appeal	С	13-14
7.	Copy of Supreme Court Judgments	D	15-22
8.	Copy of Service Tribunal Judgment	E	2-3-9-5
9.	Copy of Pension rules for qualifying	F	26
	service		
10.	Wakalat Nama		2-7

عبدالقيوا

Appellant

Through

Date: 14/3/2023

Muhammad Anwar Khan (Pashton Ghari)

Appellant

Advocate High Court, Peshawar

# BEFORE THE SERVICES TRIBUNAL, KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA, PESHAWAR

Service Appeal No. <u>611</u> /2023

SPO Abdul Qayum S/o Abdul Hakim, Belt No 2050,
R/o post office Kalkot, Tehsil Kalkot Kohistan, District Upper
Dir.Employee of Deputy Inspector General of Police Malakand
Region Malakand.

Appellant

#### VERSUS

- 1. Govt of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, Through Chief Secretary Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, Civil Secreteriate Peshawar.
- 2. The Deputy Inspector General of Police Malakand Region Malakand.
- 3. The Provincial Police Officer Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, Civil Secreteriate Peshawar..

.....<u>Respondents</u>

Appeal u/s 4 of the Khyber Pakhtun Khwa Service Tribunal Act, 1974 against the order dated 1-3-2020 of The Respondents No. 3, whereby Appellant service has been Regularized from contract Service. The Regulization order dated 1-3-2020 may be considered w.e.f, 01-08-2009 instead of 1-03-2020.

### Prayer in Appeal

On Acceptance of the instant appeal, The Respondents may be directed to count the Temporary Services of Appellant with effect from his initial recruitment dated 01-08-2009 toward his regular service for the purpose of grant of pension and he may be allowed pension and other back benefits.

#### Respectfully Sheweth:



## The appellant submits as under:

- 1. That the Appellant has been appointed as SPO (Special Police Officer) in Police Department on fixed Pay Rs. 15000/- PM in the Year 2009 in prescribe manner. (Copy of contract Order is attached as Annexure A)
- 2. That the August supreme court of Pakistan also Regularized the contract service as a regular service and also counted the contract service for seniority as per Supreme Court judgments and judgment of Punjab service tribunal Reported in 2019 PLC (CS) 103.
- 3 That the Appellant has been Regularized by the Respondents w.e.f 1/03/2020 instead of date of initial appointment of the Appellant. (Copy of regular appointment order is attached as Annexure B)
- 4. That the Appellant requested to the Respondents for counting the contract service into Regular service with all back benefits but all in vain. (Copy of application/Appeal is attached As Annexure C).
- 5. That the August supreme court of Pakistan also Regularized the contract service as a regular service and also counted the contract service for seniority as per Supreme Court judgments and judgment of Punjab service tribunal Reported in 2019 PLC (CS) 103. (Copies of judgments of

#### GROUNDS:

- A) That the Petitioner has not been treated in accordance with law and his rights secured and guaranteed under the law have been badly violated.
- B) That the same is against the natural justice also.
- C) That the Appellant remained temporary employee of the Respondents, since 2009, the Appellant was regularized on 1-3-2020 thus in view of the provision contained in Article 371-A of the CSR the Appellant is also entitled that his contract services be counted for the purpose of pension.
- That the Temporary service followed by confirmation/
  regular appointment gave the Appellant a right that his
  service be considered as regular service. (Copy of rules
  2.1 is attach as annexure F.)
- E) That the Respondents are using different yard stick and are violating the provision of their own Law rules calendar and the constitution of Islamic Republic of Pakistan 1973.
- F) That the Appellant may kindly be allowed to advance additional arguments at the time of hearing the instant Service Appeal.

It is, therefore, most humbly prayed that on acceptance of the instant service appeal, the

impugned regularization order dated 01.03.2020 may very graciously be consider w.e.f his initial appointment i.e. 21/07/2009 instead of 01-03-2020 with all back benefits.

Any other remedy which is deemed fit by this Honorable Tribunal in the interest of justice, may also be granted in favour of appellant.

عبرالقبوا

Appellant

Through :

Muhammad Anwar Khan (Pashton Ghari)

Advocate High Court

Date: 11/2/2023

Certificate:-

It is certify that no such like Service Appeal has earlier been filed by the Petitioner in this Honorable Court.

Advocate.

## BEFORE THE KPK SERVICES TRIBUNAL, PESHAWAR

Service Appeal No	/2023
Mr. Abdul Qayum S/o A	Abdul Hakim
	Appellant
	VERSUS
Government of KPK t	hrough Chief Secretary & Others
	Respondents
•	

#### AFFIDAVIT

I, Mr. Abdul Qayum S/o Abdul Hakim, Belt No 2050, R/o post office Kalkot, Tehsil Kalkot Kohistan, District Upper Dir, do hereby solemnly affirm and declare on oath that the contents of the accompanying **Service Appeal** are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief and nothing has been concealed from this Tribunal.

عررالقيو / DEPONENT

Qull 3-23

## BEFORE THE KPK SERVICES TRIBUNAL, PESHAWAR

Service Appeal No	/2023
Mr. Abdul Qayum S/o Abdul Ha	kim
V 10	Appellant
Government of KPK through	
	Respondents
ADDRESS	ES OF PARTIES
<u>APPELLANT</u> Mr. Abdul Qayum S/o Abdul H	lakim, Belt No 2050,
R/o post office Kalkot, Tehsil Ka  RESPONDENTS	lkot Kohistan, District Upper Dir.
<ol> <li>Govt of Khyber Pakhtun K Pakhtun Khwa, Civil Secre</li> </ol>	hwa, Through Chief Secretary Khyber teriate Peshawar.
<ol> <li>The Deputy Inspector Gen Malakand.</li> </ol>	eral of Police Malakand Region
3 The Provincial Police Office Secreteriate, Peshawar.	er Khyber Pakhtun Khwa, Civil
	عبرالفور Appellant
	Through
Date://2023	Muhammad Anwar Khan (Pashton Ghari) Advocate High Court



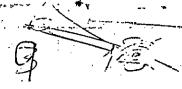
Amnex A

Consequent upon their selection by Joint team consisting of Officers, Civil Administration, Special Branch, Police and Army Authority have been pleased to approve the following candidates as Special Police force in Dir Upper District on the following term and condition with effect from 01.08.2009.

No	Name	F/ Name	T/CDIGOTOC	Council	Vo PA	7
	*	Shujamat Khan	Duryal	( TICALES EASTERN )		, <u>"</u> ,
].	njmal	Gul Sherawan	Akhagram	1 20	SPO-2	
2.,	Toti Rehman		Akhagram		SPO-3	
3.	Ikram	Asfand/ar	Karkabanj		SPO-4	
4,	- Baklit de iman	Gujar	Akhagram	Akhagram	SPO-3	
<u></u> .	Jsman A i Shah	Cail Ba ha	Akhagram	Akhagram	SPO-6	 
一栋.	Hamid Gui	Sarzamun	Bagh Manzai	Akhagram	SPO-7	
7.	Bacha Rehman	Shad Muhammad	Akhagram	Akhagram	SPO-8	_
8.	Amjad Khan	Abdur Rehman	Kumira	Akhagram	SPO-	j
9.	Akbar Ali Shah	Haji Qadar .	Kumira	Akhagram	SPO-10	7
10.	mran .	Muzafar	Shinkarai	Akhagram	SPC-III	1
	Jan Badshah	Khaista Bacha		Akhagrani		,
<u></u> 2	てい図がは	Shah Tanıaz	Akhagram	Akhagrem	SPO 13	-: :
<u></u> 3.		Shah Tarazz	Akhagram	Akhagram	SPO 4	بد — د ند
iii 		Muhammd Gran	Akhagram	Akhagram		
. 15		Qadir Khan	Akhagram	Akhagram	1	
16		Asfandyar	Akhagram	<u> </u>		 I
17		Khair Munammad	Durayal	Akhagram	<del></del>	
		Umar Zcb	Shinkarai	Akhagram	+ == = -	-
18		Salarzay	Akhagram	Akhagram		-
19			Duryal	Akhagram		
20 15		<u></u>	Kumira	Akhagram		<del></del>
		Gul Bar Zaman	Kumira	Akhagram		:
22		Mir Aslam	Khunanu tanga	y Akhagran		;
23	B. Saced Ullah		Khunanu	Akhagran	n SPO-24	
24	4. Muhammad Nazir		Tangay	· ' ',	000.05	<del></del> 1
		Rahim Ullah	Khunanu	Akhagran	n SPO-2f	
2	5. Nasib Ullah	1000000	Tangay		7500	
	S T 1 A pair	Mokamia	Zaku	Akhagrat		
	6. Islam A.mir.	Muhannad Yousaf	Kumira	Akhagrai	m SPO-27	
	7. Khan Padshah	Muhanmad Amin	Shinkarai		m SPO-28	<del></del>
2	8. Zakir U lah	Muhd Said Khan	Bagh Pashta	Pashta_	SPO-29	
$\frac{2}{1}$	9. Noor Zeman	Sher Muhammad	Gal	Pashta	SPO-30	
	30. Ali Muhammad		Gal	Pashta	SPO-31	
1 3	11. Mushtaq Ahmad	Sultan	Pashta	Pashta	SPO-32	
	2. Asghar Khan	Habib Zar	Pashta	Pashta	SPO-33	
1	33. Sultan Zeb		Gal	Pashta	SPO-34	
	34 Jayat Muharnm	Davaish	Pashta	Pashta .		
	35. Hazrat Ullah		Mitrora	Pashta	. SPO-30	<u> </u>
1	36. Hussain Ahmad			Pashia	SPO-3	[_
	37. Muhammad Aya		Maluk Banda	a Wari	\$120-31	Щ.
ļ	38 Salar	Pas Muhammad	Dskor :	Wari	Hersper	
1	39 Farman Ali	Katir			SPO-4	
}	40 Gul Wahab	Muhammad Zarin			/ SPO-4	
	41- Wigar Ahmad-	Muhammad Alam	A 404 A	Wari 1	Y) DIPO-I	
- 711	42. Gul Rehman	Fida cenman	Tangai Maluk Band		SPC-4	T
<u> </u>	43 Hanif ur Rehm	an Aziz ur Rehman		Wari	SPO-4	
	44. Wajid Khan	Gul Der Khan	Daskur	Wari	SPO-45	
L	as Murac	Ghulem Mand:	Daskur	AA GII	SPO-46	

".	1000	Ŀ
	-667	5
<u>ب</u>	the many of	$\bigcirc$
: ·		سبب

434 Mohammad	CV.	<u> </u>	.'
434 Mohammad	Abdul Halim	· <del></del>	
10 hera Pegir	~		482
[36] Moled lighal			484
Fazal Hed	- in the state of		485
438 Han eed I llah	- Journail Zarin		486.
1 439 Aqa Zamm	- Lance Kilan		438
40 Muhil Ayub	Hasham Khan		489
-41 Dilaver In	Mohammad Yousaf		490
142 Jehan Zaili	Abdul Harnid Jarı		491
1 443 Ali Faidar	Abdul Mateen Miani Alcher (K)		192
444 Hazrat Muhd	- Trous Visu		193
445 Muhr Saee 1 K			194
Muha Sadic	Tariani		95
447 Alchtar Gul	Hakim Khan		96
448 Arif Said	Hazrat Umar		97
44.9 Abdullah Stah	Bacha Said		98
450 Habib ur Rama	Umar Wahab		99
451 Abdul Cayum		5(	
452 Kator Chan C	Abdul Hakim	50	
. 453 Jan Wali	THEOR DIBII	50	
454 Islam udDin	Sher Mohammad	.50	
	Mohammad Zeer Khan Tahsil Khan	50	ـــا
ASE NALLY		50.	
457 Aug IMah		500	
458 Zakir Ullah		50	ı·
-459 Kashif Khen	Badshah Mohammad	508	
460 Aziz ul Hakim	Mohammad Youras	509	7
461 Sania Rehman	Rahman Gul	510	
LSPF	Saif ur Rahman		7 .
46? Rahman Ghani	_, }	511	·
463 Inam Ullah	- Amaroa Oili	513	7
464 Hayai Zamin	Mohammad Aziz Khan	- 514	1
465 Najeeb Ullah	Gul Zamin	515	1
466 Sabit Zada	Hukam Khan	517	1
467 Ijaz ul Ha	Agai Zarin	518	1
463 Mohammad Tahir	Mohammad Islam	519	† ·
469 Said Rahman		520	
470 Juma Dir	1 Oliginal Oligin	521	
471 Amin Ulfah Jan	Majeed Ullah	.522	1
472 Ibrahim Khan	Mulla Jan	523	•
4/3   Sherin Zada	Bakht Mızıir Ahmad Gul	524	•
474 Abid Ali	Mohamada I I	525	.:
475 Rasool Islam	Mohammad Anwar Khan	526	• • • •
7/6 Jan Zada	Aziz ur Rahman	527	:
Aziz Mohammad	Afzal Khan	528	
<u> </u>	Yousaf Khan	529	
		72,7	



1	•	•		[ <b>]</b> [	
•	586 Muhammad Nabi	Y Tone	•		
,	587 Abdul Shakui	Hazrat Umat	Thall	Tollar.	
	588 Aziz Ullah	Said Fagir	Thall	Kalkot	SPt
$\tau$	O MUII	umar Ullah	·	. Kalkot	SP(
• • •		Sajad Khan	Lamotai	Kalkot	SP(
#		Mirza Khan	Lamotai	Kalkot	SPC
1	591 Noor Rehman	Abdul Qayum	Lamotai	Kalkot	SPC
}	502 Rahim Ullah	Mahir Ullah	Lamotai	Kalkot	SPC
, }	593 Izzat Faqir		Lamotai	Kalkot	
'	594 Saif ur Rehman	Umar Faqir	Lamotai	Kalkot	SPO
	595 Wazir Muhd:	Muhammad Ayun A	Lamotai	Kaikot	SPO
, f	596 Habib Khan	Taza Khan	Lamotai		SPO.
1	597 Muhamanad Ad	Ajim Khan	Lamotai	Kalkot	SPO-
1		Teor Bacha		Kalkot	SPO-
$-\int_{0}^{d^{2}}$	——————————————————————————————————————	Mahabat Khan	Lamotai	Kalkot	SPO-
-	- Julii Oliali	Abdullah	Thall .	Kalkot	SPO-
_	600 Sultan Zarin	Juina Fagir	Lamotai	Kalkot	<del> </del>
		Juna radir	Thall .	Kalkot	SPO-:
1	ERM AND CONTINUES			TCAIKUL	SPO-t

## TERM AND CONDITION

- The appointees will be on contract for ? years in service and on adhoc Basis for not me then 2 year in a st etch with no pension gratuity benefits and that the competent Author may terminate from servicuas Special Police Officer with out showing any reason and
- The appointees shall not de nand or mark and excuse for only emolument of Rs, 10,000
- The appointees shall wear the uniform issued by the department and responsible for maintainence and afty of weapon issued by the department.
- The appointees shall be responsible before any senior Police Officer for any act of cowardice or irregicarity, in liscipline or misconduct.
- The appointees shall not leave the job with out a prior notice of 2 month as per rule.
  - The appointees sha i not invole in any political or criminal activities.
  - The appointees shall undergo the basic training fixed by the superior Officer.

The appointees shall not try to chang or convert the mater of duty.

OB No Dt. 23-72009.

> District Police Officer, Dir Upper.

 $\lambda_0$ 

/EB, Dated Dir Upper, the

Copy, if above is submitted for information to the:-Provincial Police Off cer N.W F.P., Peshawir.

2. Deputy Inspector General of Pilice Region iII Saidu Sharif Swat.

-District Police Officer

Dir Upper

Anner B



Government of Klipper Pakhtunkhwa Home & Tribal Affairs Department Dated Peshav ar the April 8th, 2020

#### NOTIFICATION

No.SO(Sudget)/ED/15-20/2016 Vol-II: In pursuance of the previsions one ined in Section 3 read with Section 5 of the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Special Police Officers (Regularization of Services) Act, 2019 whyber Pakhtunkhwa Act No.XXVII of 2019) and on the recommendation of Provincial Police Officer, shyber Pakhtunkhwa and approval of the Provincial Cabinet, the Flome and Tribal Affairs Department is pleased to notify herewith regularization of the following Special Police Officers (SPOs) working in District Dir Upper under DDO Code DA 1015- Law & Order Cir Upper and Constables (BPS-07) with effect from 01-03-2020:

	S.1	Ĭα	73.7	<del>-</del>			
	<u> </u>		· Name	.!	. Father Name		Belt
	. 1		Mohami 1ad Kahi				No.
	<u> </u>		Khan	m	Toti Rahman		
	2		Toti Rahman	<del></del>	<u> </u>		$\frac{1}{L}$
•	3	- 1	Saba Gul LSPF	<del>: -</del>	Gul Sher Rahman	•:	2
п	4	$\neg$	Habib Ullah	<u>.</u>	Shamsher		3.
	5		Badshah Rahman		Abdul Latif Khan		4
	6		Akber Ali shah		Shad Moham nad Khan	. ]	7
Ş.	7	1	Saz Bahadar	-	Haji Bahadar		9
1	3	<del></del>	Ibrar Hussain o hy	7	Mohammad		10
	9		Rasool Wali	+	Gul Nawaz Khan	Ţ.	11
•	10		Ali Akbar		Said Hazrat	T	13
.,	1!		Anwar Zada		Bazir Khan	1	14
	12		Sher Badshair		Anwer Khan	7	15
	13.	1	Badshah Rawan .	+	Asfahelyar Khei.	1	16
	14	I	· · ·	+	Sher Zada	-!-	18.
	15	15	adam Hussain	11.0	Pinda Mand Khan	T	19
:	16	V	Auzafar Khan		Itbar Said	-	20
:	17	1	mich C	1	Mohammad Khaliq	7-	21
	18		halid Khan	- 4	Amir Khan (Husband	1:	22
1	19 •	1 N	Iohd Nazir	1	dohammad Kaar.	~-	23
Ī	20		asib Ullah Khan		Akbar Zada		24.
Ī	2]	K	han Bacha	i K	Cahim Ullah Jai		25
ſ	22		akir Ullah	\	Iohammac Yousaf		27
Į	23		odur Rahman		iohammad A nin Khan		28
Γ	24		i Muhd Khan	16	han Badshah	2	29
Γ	25	Za	rshed Khan	-51	her Mohammad Khan	7 3	10
	26		ghar Khan	Ja	unsheed Khair	. 3	ii '
r	27		iz ur Rahman		ultan		2
V	7	Ha	zrat Ali		man Ullah	3	3
_				_∀	azıf Ullak	3	4

Atteston

Page

	1,5					
H ///	213	4 Mohammad	Chl			٠,
		Khan	ാമ	Abdul Halim	<del>:-</del> -	-
	43.	5. Juna Fagir	· · · <u>· ·</u>	aroun Haim		482
	43			Misri Khan		
	43			Mohammad Fazal		1. 484
	438	- I - Carrie Francis		Sultan Zarin		485
	¥39		ılı	Zafar Khan		486
		+		Hasham Khan	· · ·	488
	440	+		Mohamma Las		489
	441	- 1	, !	Mohammad Yousaf		490
	442	- 1 二	- <del></del>	Abdul Hamid Jan	•	491
	423			Abdel Meteen	-	492
	4.4.4	Hazrat Mand		Mian Akbar Khan		493
11	445	Muhd Seed R	Firm	Warir		494
	446	Mulid Sadic	1133111			495
	447	Akhtar Gul		Hakim Khan		496
	448	Arif Said		Hazrat Umar		497
<i>y</i> 1	4401	Abdullah Shah	<del>-</del>	Bacha Said		<del> </del>
	450	Habib in The		Umar Wahab		498
~	451	Habib ur Rahm	an	Ajdar Mohammad		499
	452	Abdul Qayum	<u>:                                    </u>	Abdul Hakim	<del>-</del>	500
		Kator Khan	129/	Akbar Shah		501
****		Jan Wali	·	Sher Mohammad	<del></del> ;.	502
,		Islam udDu.Z		Mohammad Zeer Khar		503
	**	Umar Zarje		Tahsii Khan	<u>.                                    </u>	504
		Mobil Isma		Gliulam McDammad		505
		Atiq (Illah		Jamal Khan		506
[ - · · · - ·		Cakir Ullah		Bladehol Ball		507
i	<u> </u>	Eashif Khar		Badahah Mohammad Mehammad Youngs		508
	60 /	izizul dakun		Rahman Gul		509
7 4	$\epsilon_1 \mid \delta$	ania Rehman	i			510
-		SPF	1 1 1	Saif ur Rahman		7
40		ahman Ghani 🗄			.  :3	111
46	15_  Ir	iam Ullair		ainda Gul	1 5	13
46	4 H	ayat Zamin		dohammad Aziz Khan		14
. 46	$\circ$ $+$ $\mathbb{N}$	ajesb Ullah		Tu Lamn		15
45	$6 \mid S_{\epsilon}$	hit Zade		lukam Khan		177
46	7 Tie	Zol Hao		Cas Zarin		18
46.	3 IM	ohammad Nakir		lohammad Islam		
469		id Kahman	3	gat Zarin	$-\frac{51}{2}$	
470		na Din	$\perp M$	ohammad Sherin	$-\frac{52}{52}$	( )
471		na Lyn	M	aiced Uliah	$-\frac{52}{52}$	
472		un Ullah Jan	M	ulla Jan	52.	l
473		ahum Khan		icht Masir	52	·
474		TEL Zada	7- t	unad Gui	524	~~
475		id Ali	ivic	hammad Anwar Khan	. 523	
$\frac{-772}{476}$	1 15.38	on Islam	Ar	Eur Rahman	526	
-0.1Q		Zada	AF	sal Khan	-527	
477	$\int Azic$	s. Mohammad	ŧ		528	
	La Just	9	િંતુકા	ual Khan		
		** *****			529	1



Attester/

Щ	j	1 3.01	The state of the s		·
		-			S. Laure
	H	56		Same 27 72	
ı.	. ii 1 . ii 1	_56	Khan Zamina	Sami Ur Raf man	627
	ij	568	Badshah Zada		1000
1.		565	Inayat ul Hart		1 629
		570		Sher Afzal Knan	
, i		571		Aurang Zeb	630
į.,	1	572		Fazel Halcer	631.
1	1			Fazai Rakman	632
l i	-	573		Bould agree 1	633
	-	574		Muhammad Zahir Shah	. 634.
1	1	575	Fairid Khan	Tali Mand Khan	635
		576.	Shafi Ullah	Bakhi Jehan Khan	636
ĺ		577!	Muhd; Rabroun	Mozi Khah	637
÷ ;	-	573	Muhd; Umar	Abdur Rahim	I
į i	ļ	579	Ali ne	Barkat Jan	638
Į,	<b></b>	580	Ali Rahman	Mohammad Haza Khan	639
97		<u>581</u>	Sahib Zada	Akbar Zada	640
			Zia Ullah /	Abdul Hamid	641
1		582	Said Robulling	Baluda 72	642
		583	Rusan ul Hac	Balisdar Klid 1	644
1	٠.٤	184	Khyal Ivinhammad	Gul Azin, Khan	646
!.	5	825	Amjad Khar	Maaz Ullah Khan	647
	5	66	Irshad Ahmad	Aziz Jan	648
.[	5	87	Arshad Igba	Sherin Zada	649
ŗ			Kasamati IdDa	Bashir	
	_		Kanran Hasan	Zahir Shah	650
			Dilawar Khro	Fazai Qayum	145
			Audul Kabu	Bashir Ahmad	254
١			mad Alther	Missal Khan	483 -
				LEGILLE DATE	564

## Endacida State even

Copy forwarded for information to:

The Principal Secretary to Chief Minister, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, Peshawar.

Accountant General, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, Peshawar.

The Provincial Police Officer, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa.

The Regional Police Officer, Malakand.

The District Police Officer, Dir Upper.

The District Accounts Officer, Dir Upper.

PS to Home Secretary, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa.

SECTION OFFICER (BUDGET)

# مار در این ای جی ماری کی این اور این

1-2009) Back Benefit 上りり、こうり、 Contract Back Service より けっ では、Period

جناب عالى! نمائل حسب ذيل عرض رسال --

1- بیر کہ سائل 2009ء میں SPO بھرتی ہوئے تھے اور پشاور ہائی کورٹ نے 2017ء میں -1

2 يرك محكريد لس نريج مار 3020 وكوستقل كرن كاآر در فرمايا ہے-

المذال الثرا عام كر ما الل كو بمطابق قانون بمرقى ك تارئ ما المدار فرما ياجاد ما كل كو بمطابق قانون بمرقى ك تارئ ما كريم الحمير المحلوم ما در فرما ياجاد مي المحارك المحلوم المواد من المحارك المحلوم المرابع المحارك المحلوم المرابع المحارك المحلوم المرابع المحارك المحلوم المرابع المحارك المحاركة المحاركة

Attester

26/13/ Parmamin 2/2/2013/) J. L. L. V. J. m. J. m. J. J. J. in by the way of the first 1362 (m) 01-3-20 Jung (fun) 13/3 2 - 4 WW Jun Ju en 2009 of Jun 19 12 (3) 1-3-20 my com chely ed of 1-3-20 13-12-2020 10) [1] 2000 juni Mellus Je (2) mil Lip. (1) Like the bull of the A) ( in Attack of

Annez D.
15-22

Anner 1731, 42

Complete Case Judgment

http:://www.plsbeta.com/LawOnline/law/conter 21.asp?Cased...

RLD 2016 Supreme Court 534

Present: Anwar Zaheer Jamali, C.J.; Minn Saqib Nisar, Amir Hani Muslim, Iqbal Hameedur Rahman and Khilji Arif Russain, IJ

Civil Appeni No. 1972/2005

CHAIRMAN, TAKISTAN RAILWAY, GOVERNMENT OF PAKISTAN, ISLAMABAD and

Versus

SHAH JEHAN SRAH—Respondent

(On appeal against the judgment dated 19-12-2003 passed by the Federal Service Tribunal, Islamabad in Appeal No. 6(P)/CS/2003)

Civil Appeal No.636/2012

Mst. ROBINA SHAHEEN-Appellant

Versus

DIRECTOR EDUCATION (E&SC) KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA and others-Respondent

(On appeal against the judgment dated 9-4-2012 passed by the KPK Service Tribunal, Peshagar, in

Civil Appeals Nos. 1072 of 2005 and 626 of 2012, decided on 14th April, 2016.

(a) Interpretation of statues ---

----When a word had not been defined in the statute, its ordinary dictionary meaning was to be looked at.

(b) Words and phrases ---

---- "Count" --- Definition.

Chambers 21st Dictionary and Oxford Advanced Learner's Dictionary of Current English 7th Edn. ref.

(c) Civil Service Regulations (CSR)---

cstablishment for more than five years—Entitlement to grant of pensionary benefits within the meaning of Art.371-A of the Civil Service Regulations (CSR)—Scop:—Article 371-A of the Civil Service Regulations (CSR) would not ipso facto dr simpliciter allow government servants rendering temporary service in a temporary establishment for more than five years to be entitled to grant of pension. Hither such period would only be counted towards such government servants' pension if otherwise entitled to pension. Mir Ahmad Khan v. Secretary to Government and others (1997 SCMR 1477) declared to be per incurion)

Service rendered for more than five years as contemplated by Article 371-A of the Civil Service Regulations (CSR) would only be added, included, or taken into account for the purposes of pensionary benefits, and not make such government servant qualify for pension per se. Article 371-A of Civil Service

Atlesto of

Alfre to

1 ለሮያ

1/16/2021, 1:10 PAI

Regulations (CSR) by itself did not provide for the entitlement for the purposes of pension, rather it was: restricted to the counting of the period of a minimum of five years which had been rendered by the temperary employee that once he was appointed on a permane a basis, such period (of five years) shall be taken into account for the object of calculating his entitlement to pension with respect to the requisiteminimum period under the law.

Mir Ahmad Khan v. Secretary to Government and others 1997 SCMR 1477 declared to be per incurrant.

Article 371-A cannot be used as a tool to bypass the conditions for qualifying service of pensionary benefits, and such government servant had to fulfill the minimum number of years for grant of pension. This was due to the use of the word "count" as opposed to "qualify" or "eligible" in Article 371-A of the

It was absurd, ludicrous and inconceivable that a government servant, who was in regular employment, would become entitled to pension after serving the minimum years of qualifying service as prescribed by the law whereas while interpreting Article 371-A of the Civil Service Regulations (CSR), a government servant who had served as a temporary employee could be given preference over a regular employee, and after a minimum service of only five years would automatically become entitled to pension. Holding so

PLD 2013 SC 829 ref.

## (d) Civil Service Regulations (CSR)-

Art. 371-A-Pensionary benefits---Government servants rendering temporary service in a temporary establishment—"Temporary establishment"—Meaning—Temporary establishment could be said to mean an organisation or institution which was not permanent, rather effective for a certain period only.

Hafiz S.A. Rehman, Senior Advocate Supreme Court for Appellants (in C.A. No. 1072 of 2005)

Riaz Slierpao, Advocate Supreme Court and Mir Adam Khan, Advocate-on-Record for Appellant (in C:A:No.686 of 2012).

Abdur Rehman Siddiqui, Advocate Supreme Court for Respondent (in C.A. No.1072 of 2005):

Ijaz Anwar, Advocate Supreme Court and M.S. Khattak, Advocate-on-Record for Respond No.5 (in C.A.No.686 of 2012).

Waqar Ahmed Khan, Addi, A.G. (on behalf of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa)

Dates of hearing: 14th and 15th March, 2016.

#### JUDGMENT:

MIAN SAQIB NISAR, J:- These appeals, by leave of the Court, involve a similar question of law, hence are being disposed of together. The key question involved herein is whether persons who have rendered more than five years' service in a temporary establishment are entitled to the grant of pensionary benefits within the meaning of Article 371-A of the Civil Service Regulations (CSR), and a re-visitation of the judgment of this Court reported as Mir Ahmad Khan v. Sccretary to Government and others (1907

#### Civil Appeal No.1072/2005:

2. This appeal entails the facts in that the respondent was appointed as an Assistant Executive Engineer

1

.Complete Case Judgment

http://www.plsbeta.com/LawOnline/law/content21.asp?Cased

in any way fall within the meaning and purview of "temporary establishment". Thus the respondent could not rely upon Article 371-A of the CSR Besides, if hypothetically speaking Pakistan Locomotive Factory not rely upon Article 3/1-A of the Cox Desides, a hypometrically speaking translating solution the able to take the benefit of Article 371-A (supra) as he otherwise does not qualify for pensionary benefits having wit been subsequently taken into permanent employment, which is sine qua non for the grant thereof.

8. Adverting to the law laid down in the case of Mir Ahmad Klain (supra) wherein it was held:-

"Admittedly the appellant put in more than ten years' temporary service before his service terminated he was, therefore, entitled to pensionary benefits under Regulation 371-A(i) of Civil Service Regulations."

In light of the discussion in paragraph No.6, the judgment delivered in Mir Ahmad Khan's case (supra) is

9. In view of the foregoing, we find that the respondent was not entitled to the grant of pensionary benefits in terms of Article 371-A of the CSR, and the learned Service Tribunal had erroneously allowed. him pension by wrongly relying upon the case of Mir Ahmad Khan (supra) which is declared to be per

10. The above are the detailed reasons for our short order of even date whereby the appellants appeal was accepted and the impugned judgment was set aside, which reads as follows:-

"We have heard the arguments of learned ASCs for the parties. For the reasons to be rec later, this appeal is allowed, the impugned judgment of the Federal Service Tribunal dated 29:12:2003 is set aside and the service appeal prefetred by the respondent is dismissed.

#### Civil Appeal-No.686/2012:

11. The brief facts of the instant appeal are that the appellant was a Professional Teaching Certification (PTC) Teacher in the Commissionerate for Afghan Refugees, Peshawar (Commissionerate), 28.2.1987 to 17.1.2005, i.e. approximately 18 years. During her employment at the Commissionerate, she applied for two months leave on 20.1.2004, after which she was appointed as a PTC Teacher in the Schools and Esteracy Department, Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (department) and she assumed charge of her post on 25.11.2004 and tendered her resignation with the Commissionerate on 10.1.2005. Thereafter slic filed a departmental appeal to respondent No.1 claiming that her 18 years' service with the Commissionerate be counted for the purposes of her pension, which (departmental appeal) was accepted vide order dated 24.6.2008. However, the said order stated that her 10 years' service be counted towards calculation of her pension, as opposed to 18 years; which the appellant was dissatisfied with thus she tiled a corrigendum application for correction of the said mistake. However, in response, the department on 20.7.2009 informed the appellant that her prior service with the Commissionerate could not be counted towards her pension. Aggrieved, the appellant filed an appeal before the learned Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Service Tribunal which was dismissed vide the impugned judgment dated 9.4.2012 whereafter, she approached this Court. Leave was granted on 5.7.2013 in the following terms:-

Prima facie, it is difficult to understand that admittedly when the petitioner had served for period of about 18 years in the Commissionerate and thereafter joined the Education Department and initially the Education Department had also accepted her claim allowing computing of previous service for the purpose of pension then what prevailed with the department subsequently in disallowing continuity. In view of the judgment cited by the learned counsel in the case of Zafar Shah (2003 SCMR 686) in such like discumstances, continuity for the purpose of extending the benefit of pension is permissible.

3. Inter alia, to examine this aspect of the case, leave to appeal is granted in this case.

1/16/2021; :40 PM

Complete Case Judgment http://www.plsbeta.com/LawOnline/law/dontent2[].asp?Cased

Subsequently on 19:9.2013, it was decided that this case was to be heard along with Civil Appeal No.1072/2005 before the larger bench as they both involved similar questions of law. 12. Learned counsel for the appellant primarily submitted that the time spent at the Commissionerate is to be counted towards her pension in terms of Article 371-A of the CSR.

13. On the other hand, learned counsel for the respondents stated that due to the special facts and circumstances prevalent at that time, the decision rendered in the case of Mir Ahmad Khan (silpra) is good law, however in the instant matter, the appellant is not entitled to inclusion of the period she spent as an employed of the Commissionerate for the purposes of pensionary benefits for the reason that she was in from a project employee of a non-governmental organisation called Basic Education for Afghan Refugees (BEFARe), and not on employed of the Federal Covernment, and that she had resigned from the Commissionerate on 10.1.2005 after which she joined the department.

14. Learned Additional Advocate General, KPK adopted the arguments of Mr. Hafiz S. learned counsel for the appellants in Civil Appeal No.1072/2005.

15. Heard: The appellant's main grievance is that the eighteen years she spent at the Commissionerate be counted towards her service at the department for the purposes of the grant of pensionary benefits as per Article 371-A of the CSR, suffice it to say that the Commissionerate for Afghan Refugees does not in any way fall within the meaning of "temporary establishment" as defined in Civil Appeal No.1072/2005 above to mean an organisation or institut on which is not permanent, rather effective for a certain period only as described. Even otherwise, the appellant's service with the department was temporary and on a contract basis, and there is nothing on the record which suggests that she was subsequently confirmed or made permanent within the department. Therefore keeping in view the interpretation of Article 3711A of the CSR explained above with regard to Civil Appeal No.1072/2005 in that the said article would not ipso facto allow government servants rendering emporary service in a temporary establishment for more than five years to be cutilled to grant of pension, rather such period would only be counted towards such government servants pension if otherwise ontitled to pension, we are of the opinion that the appellant is not entitled to pensionary benefits as claimed by her-

16. In light of the above, we find no infirmity in the impugned judgment warranting interference by this Count, therefore this appeal is dismissed as being devoid of ment.

MWA/C-6/S

Appeal dismissed.

1/16/2021 1:40 PM

#### 2018 S C M R 64

[Supreme Court of Pakistan]

Present: Gulzar Ahmed and Sajjad Ali Shah, JJ

ABDUL JABBAR and others---Appellants

Versus!

GENERAL MANAGER (PERSONNEL) PAK STAN RAILWAYS and others-

Civil Appeals Nos. 17-K to 42-K of 2017, decided o 16th November, 2017.

(Against the consolidated order dated 26.8.2016 passed by the Federal Service Tribunal Islamabad in 94(K)CS/16 to 119(K)CS/16)

## (a) Civil Servants (Appeal) Rules, 1977--

----R.4(1)---Appeal from an 'order' passed by an authority---"Order"---Scope-----preferring an appeal in terms of R. 4 of the Civil Se vants (Appeal) Rules, 1977, there had to be an order altering, interpreting to a civil servant's disadvantage, reducing or withholding his maximum pension and allowance: --In such grievances/proceedings no particular form of order was required and even pens on fixation notices could be treated as an order for the purposes of availing the remedy of appeal under R. 4 of the Civil Servanis (Appeal) Rules, 1977.

## (b) Civil Servants (Appeal) Rules, 1977-

----Pensionary rights, claim for---Limitation---Griev ince in respect of pensionary benefit was a recurring cause, consequently, limitation coul not come in the way of such relief Where, however, such pensionary benefit was altered or interpreted to the disadvantage a civil servant or his pension was reduced or his man mum pension was withheld including an additional pension admissible to him under the ules then his grievance to that extent had to be regulated in terms of R. 4(1) of the Civil S rvants (Appeal) Rules, 1977.

Chief Executive Progressive Paper Ltd. The Chairman National Press Trust, Islamabad v. Sh. Abdul Majeed 2005 PLC (C.S.) 14.9 ref.

Muhammad Khalil Dogar, Advocate Suprer e Court and Mazhar Ali B. Cliohau, Advocate-on-Record for Appellants (in all cases).

Sanaullah Noor Ghouri, Advocate Supreme Court and Ms. Raana Khan, Advocate-

Case Judgement

http://www.plsbeta.com/LawOnline/law/casedescription.as.p?cased

on-Record for Respondents.

Date of hearing: 16th November, 2017.

#### ORDER

SAJJAD ALI SHAH, J.—The appellants who are retired civil servants have impugned the order of the Service Tribunal dated 26.8.2016 declining the reckoning of increment by way financial relief of Rs. 300/- per month in the monthly salary for computing, pensionary emoluments from the date of retirement for want of impugned order as required by section 4(1)(a) of the Service Tribunals Act, 1973

- Briefly, the Prime Minister's Secretariat on 11.3.1997 issued an U.O. No.16(P)PMDIR/931/97 in compliance of Prime Minister's address to the Nation on 23:2.1997 regarding financial relief of Rs.300/- per month to the low paid employees. The appellants were allowed such relief till the date of their retirement but such benefit was not included in their last pay for commuting pension and other post-retirement benefits on the ground that it was an ad hoc relief. It appears that the appellants, in the year 2016, filed departmental appeals and after getting no response approached the Service Tribunal. The Tribunal, after hearing the parties, through the impugned order, dismissed their appeals by holding that "there is a yawning gap of over eighteen years since the appellant retired w.e.f. Feb, 1998. The appellant should have come within the statutory period as prescribed under Rule-4 of the Service Tribunals Act, 1973, when came to know that Rs.300/ - per month announced by the Prime Minister had not been computed in the pensionary benefits" and that "it is admitted position that in the is at hand there is no impugned order; hence, appeal filed by the appellant is hit by section 4(1)(a) of the Service Tribunal Act, 1973. When there is no impugned order, there should be no representation or appeal, hence, as a corollary no appellate order":-
- 3. Leave was granted by this Court vide order dated 27.1.2017 which reads as unde

"that the non or deficient grant of pension is a recurring cause of action and thus to hold that the petitioners have been sleeping over their rights since long; besides that they have failed to avail any departmental remedy such as that of appeal or representation is misconceived because is departmental appeal to a retired employee for pensionary benefits is available under the law and thus a civil servant aggrieved of the short payment or non-payment of the pensionary benefits can directly approach the learned Service Tribunal for the claim of their pensionary benefits. Leave is granted to consider the above."

4. Learned ASC for the appellants contended that this Court in the case of Managing Director, Pakistan Railways, Carriage Factory, Islamabad v. Muhammad Asghar (2003 SCMR 1037) has held that the increase of Rs.300—per month announced by the Prime

Athanstown .

of 6

Case Judgement

http://www.plsbeta.com/LawOnline/law/casedescription.acp?cased

on-Record for Respondents.

Date of hearing: 16th November, 2017.

#### ORDER

SAJJAD ALI SHAH, J.—The appellants who are retired civil servants have impugned the order of the Service Tribunal dated 26.8.2016 declining the reckoning of increment by way financial relief of Rs. 300/- per month in the monthly salary for computing, pensionary emoluments from the date of retirement for want of impugned order as required by section 4(1)(a) of the Service Tribunals Act, 1973

- Briefly, the Prime Minister's Secretariat on 11.3.1997 issued an U.O. No.16(P)PMDIR/931/97 in compliance of Prime Minister's address to the Nation on 23.2.1997 regarding financial relief of Rs.300/- per month to the low paid employees. The appellants were allowed such relief till the date of their retirement but such benefit was not included in their last pay for commuting pension and other post-retirement benefits on the ground that it was an ad hoc relief. It appears that the appellants, in the year 2016, filed departmental appeals and after getting no response approached the Service Tribunal. The Tribunal, after hearing the parties, through the impugned order, dismissed their appeals by holding that "there is a yawning gap of over eighteen years since the appellant retired w.e.f. Feb, 1998. The appellant should have come within the statutory period as prescribed under Rule-4 of the Service Tribunals Act, 1973, when came to know that Rs.300/ - per month announced by the Prime Minister had not been computed in the pensionary benefits" and that "it is admitted position that in the is at hand there is no impugned order; hence, appeal filed by the appellant is hit by section 4(1)(a) of the Service Tribunal Act, 1973. When there is no impugned order, there should be no representation or appeal, hence, as a corollary no appellate order":-
- 3. Leave was granted by this Court vide order dated 27.1.2017 which reads as unucl

"that the non or deficient grant of pension is a recurring cause of action and thus to hold that the petitioners have been sleeping over their rights since long; besides that they have failed to avail any departmental remedy such as that of appeal or representation is misconceived because no departmental appeal to a retired employee for pensionary benefits is available under the law and thus a civil servant aggrieved of the short payment or non-payment of the pensionary benefits can directly approach the learned Service Tribunal for the claim of their pensionary benefits. Leave is granted to consider the above."

4. Learned ASC for the appellants contended that this Court in the case of Managing Director, Pakistan Railways, Carriage Factory, Islamabad v. Muhammad Asghar (2003 SCMR 1037) has held that the increase of Rs.300- per month announced by the Prime

A HASSTERMEN A

Minister in his address to the nation granting financial relief to the low paid employees was neither ad hoc nor a temporary relief and was liable to be included for calculating pension and other post-retirement benefits and, herefore, the Tribunal has erred in rejecting the appellants' claim for want of the impugned order. Per counsel since the pensionary benefit being terms and conditions of the service and available under the law, therefore, the civil servants aggrieved of short payment or non-payment of pensionary benefits could directly approach the Service Tribunal to claim such benefits or their short fall and that there was no requirement of any impugned order.

- On the other hand, learned counsel for the respondents initially tried to argue that the relief so allowed in consequent to the Prime Minister's address was an ad hoc relief but in view of the pronouncement of this Court in the case of Managing Director, Pakistan Railways, Carriage Factory, Islamabad (supra), del not press this argument, however, contended that the claim is hit by laches and, therefore, was rightly declined. It was lastly submitted that since such relief was discontinued w.e.f. 1.12.2001 vide Finance Division's O.M. No.F(1)(5)IMP 2001 dated 4.9:2001 on introducing revised pay scales, therefore, the employees who retired after 1.12.2001 were not entitled to such benefit. However, the entitlement of the appellants to the relief claimed was not disputed on factual plane.
- In response, learned ASC for the appellanta submitted that none of the appellant retired after 1.12:2001, therefore, such submission is not even relevant for the purposes of
- We have heard the contentions of learned counsel for the respective parties and have perused the record. The procedure to be followed by a civil servant in case where his conditions of service in respect of pay, allowances or pension are altered, interpreted to his disadvantage, reduced or withheld etc. is detailed in section 4(1)(a) to (c) of the Civil Servants (Appeal) Rules, 1977, which reads as underi-
  - "4.(1) A civil servant shall be entitled to appeal to the appellate authority from an order passed by an authority which
  - alters to his disadvantage, his conditions of service pay, allowances or pension; or
  - interprets to his disadvantage the provisions of any rules whereby his conditions of service, pay, allowances or pension are regulated; or
  - reduces or withholds the maximum pension, including an additional pension, admissible to him under the cules governing pensions; or
  - (d) ·
- Perusal of the reproduced provision reflects at a civil servant has to file an appeal 8.

Attentodier A

of 6

Case Judgement

http://www.plsbeta.com/LawOnline/law/casedescription.a-p?cased

respondents on two counts; firstly, that after determination of this controversy by this Court in above referred case where the respondents unsuccessfully had challenged the inclusion of such financial relief towards pensionary benefits, it was their bounden duty to include such benefit at least in the cases of employees who, like the present appellants, were entitled to such relief even if their argument of discontinuation of such relief on 1.12.2001 i.e. upon introduction of revised pay scales is accepted Secondly, neither the representation of the appellants was rejected by the respondents on the ground of being barred by time nor the Service Tribunal gave any specific finding or held the petition barred by time.

- 14. In the instant case the employees of the respondent/Pakistan Railways who were granted relief by this Court in the case of Managing Director, Pakistan Railways, Carriage Factory, Islamabad (supra) had preferred representation by treating the pension fixation notices as an order interpreting the financial relief of Rs.300/- P.M. to their disadvantage. The Tribunal accepted their appeal by redressing their grievances and directing the respondent/Pakistan Railways to include the financial relief of Rs.300/- P.M. allowed by the Prime Minister in reckoning their pensionary benefits which order was maintained by this Court in the judgment referred and reproduced above. Following their colleagues, the appellants herein instead of filing appeal in terms of Rule 4 of the Civil Servants (Appeal) Rules, 1977, had moved the representation to the appellate authority which could be treated as an un-responded appeal, had approached the Tribunal which, in our opinion, appears to be sufficient compliance of section 4(1)(1) of the Service Tribunals Act, 1973 specially when the claim of the appellants was backed by the judgment of this Court.
- 15. In the foregoing circumstances, all these appeals are allowed and the respondent/Pakistan Railways is directed to include the financial relief of Rs. 300/- P.M. for computing post retirement benefits. Parties to bear their own costs.

MWA/A-36/SC

Appeals allowed.

14thest

11/15/2022, 11:37 /

€ of 6

http://www.plsbeta.com/LawOnline/law/casedescription.asp?cased

2019 F L C (C.S.) 103

.[Punjab Service Tribunal]

Before Justice (R) Abdul Sami Khan, Chairman

FAREEHA REHMAN and others

Versus

PROVINCE OF PUNJAB through Secretary Higher Education and others

Service Appeals Nos. 2730 to 2742, 2946 to 2978 and 4058 to 4065 of 2016, decided on 19th July.

## Punjab Service Tribunal Act (IX of 1974)--

4---Constitution of Pakistan, Art.25---Regularization in service---Back benefits--Discrimination---Appellants were lecturers appointed on contract basis for a period of 3 years---Grievance of appellants was that similarly placed other lecturers had been regularized---Validity---Appellants were appointed as female lecturers through departmental selection committee on contract basis for a period of 3 years---Contract services of appellants were extended from time to time without any break for about 15 years---Appellants were met with discriminatory treatment as same was established from facts and documentary evidence relied upon by appellants that other employees of Government of Punjab through different orders/notifications were regularized---Claim of appellants that their employments should have been regularized from date of initial appointments was refused which showed that they had been dealt with discrimination---Service Tribunal set aside orders passed by authorities as appellants were entitled for regularization from date of initial appointment as

Muhammad Aslam Awan, Advocate Supreme Court'v. Federation of Pakistan and others' reported as 2014 SCMR 1289 rel.

Muliammad Sajid Khan Tanoli for Appellant (in Appeals Nos.2730 to 2742 of 2016 and 2946 to 2978 of 2016).

Rizwana Aujum Mufti for Appellant (in Appeals Nos.4058 to 4065 of 2016).

Muhammad Arshad Naseer District Attorney.

#### ORDER

JUSTICE (R) ABDUL SAMI KHAN, CHAIRMAN .--- Since common questions of law and facts are involved in the following appeals which are being disposed of through this single judgment:-

- Fareeha Reaman v. Province of the Punjab through Secretary Higher Education Department and others (Service Appeal No.2730/2016).
- Raheela Ghafoor v. Province of the Punjab through Secretary Higher Education Department and others (Service Appeal No.2731/2016).
- III) Zomra Ilyas v. Province of the Punjab through Secretary Higher Education Department and
- IV) Andleeb Iqbal-v. Province of the Punjab through Secretary Higher Education Department and
- V) Noreen Akhtar v. Province of the Punjab through Secretary Higher Education Department and
- VI) Anjum Iqbal v. Province of the Punjab through Secretary Higher Education Department and
- VII) Huma Khanum v. Province of the Punjab through Secretary Higher Education Department and others (Service Appeal No.2736/2016).

Case: :Sinent

http://www.plsbeta.com/LawOtiline/law/casedescription.asp?cas

WV [5] Shazia Jabeen v. Province of the Punjab through Secretary Higher Education Department and

- LI) Rizwana Nazir v. Province of the Punjab through Secretary Higher Education Department and
- LII) Farzana Khan v. Province of the Punjab through Secretary Higher Education Department and LIII)
- Uzma Tariq v. Province of the Punjab through Secretary Higher Education Department and others (Service Appeal No.4064/ 2016).
- LIV) Ghazala Naz v. Province of the Punjab through Secretary Higher Education Department and
- Appellants filed instant appeals under section 4 of the Punjab Service Tribunal Act, 1974 praying that the appellants may be regularized in their services w.e.f. their date of initial appointments with all back pensionary and other benefits and their previous length of service about 15 years be considered as a regular employee and seniority may also be fixed from the date of original appointments and the probation period may also be considered as regular service by way of setting
- Briefly, the departmental authorities established eight colleges during the period from 1998-1999 and the Director of Education (Colleges), Rawalpindi recruited 70 female lecturers along with other staff on contract basis through Departmental Selection Committee for a period of three years with the approval of the competent authority. The Higher Education Department extended their contract services from time to time but they were not regularized despite rendering long service without break. It is also mentioned that the services of other lecturers recruitment by the respondent department during this period were regularized gradually.

Appellants along with other female lecturers filed Writ Petitions Nos.2713/2009 and 2722/2009 in the Lahore High Court, Rawalpindi Bench. Rawalpindi for regularization of their services. The said writ petitions were accepted vide orders dated 4.4.2012 with the following

"For the reasons supra, both the writ petition are accepted and the respondents are directed to regularize the petitioners with immediate effect within a period of two months".

Thereafter, the respondent department filed I.C.A. No.155/2012 assailing the judgment dated 4.4.2012 which was dismissed vide order dated 16.5.2013, hence the judgment of the Hon'ble Lahore High Court, Rawalpindi Bench, Rawalpindi has attained finality.

In compliance of the order of the Hon'ble Lahore High Court, Rawalpindi Bench, Rawalpindi. appellants along with other lecturers who were on the strength of Higher Education Department on 4.12.2014 were regularized into government service with immediate effect vide Notification No.SO(CE-III)61-2/2009 dated 4.12.2014 and not from the date of their initial appointments.

Aggrieved of the notification dated 4.12.2014, appellant preferred departmental appeals which were not decided and later on, appellants filed Service Appeals Nos. 1788, 1790 to 1800 of 2015 and 2050 to 2090 of 2015 which were decided by this Tribunal vide order dated 18.2.2016 with direction to the Secretary, Higher Education Department, Government of the Punjab, Lahore to decide the pending representations/departmental appeals of the appellants within a period of 30 days.

In deference to the same, the Secretary, Higher Education Department, Government of the Punjab. Lahore vide order dated 9.5.2016 decided the representations/ departmental appeals of the appellants and refused the claim of the appellants as prayed. Hence these appeal.

- I have considered the arguments of both parties and perused the record.
- It is established from the record that the appellants were appointed as female lecturers through

4 of 5

11/16/2021, 11:55 🛭

idgement

http://www.plsbeta.com/LawOnline/law/casedescription.asp?ca Departmental Selection Committee in the year, 1998-99 on contract basis for a period of three years. The contract services of the appellants were extended from time to time without any break for about 15 years.

6. It has been noticed that the appellants were met with discriminatory treatment which is established from the facts and documentary evidence relied upon by the learned Counsel for the appellants that the other employees of the Government of the Punjab through different orders/ notifications were regularized but the claim of the appellants that their employment may be regularized from the date of initial appointments was refused which shows that they have been dealt with discrimination by the Higher Education Department, Government of the Punjab.

In this regard I may observe here that it has been settled by the Hon'ble Supreme Court of Pakistan that seniority of a civil servant was to be reckoned from the date of initial appointment and

In this regard reliance can easily be placed on the judgment of the Full Bench of the Hon'ble Supreme Court of Pakistan titled as "Muhammad Aslam Awan, Advocate Supreme Court v. Federation of Pakistan and others" reported as 2014 SCMR 1289 held as under:-

"civil servant---Seniority of---Reckoned from date of initial appointment---In service matters. while considering the seniority of civil servants, the seniority was reckoned from the date of initial appointment and not from the date of confirmation or regularization".

For what has been discussed above, I came to the conclusion that the appellants were entitled for regularization from the date of their initial appointments as Lecturers, hence these appeals are MH/2/PST

Appeal allowed.

H/16/202J. H:55 AM

# BETTER COPY

# SERVICE QUALIFING FOR PENSION

Conditions of Qualifications :- The service of a Government servant does not qualify for pension unless it conforms to the following three conditions:-

The Service must be under Government.

Second:- The service must not be Non-pensionable.

The service must be paid by Government from the Provincial consolidated fund. Third:-

Rule.2.1.

# SERVICE RENDERED AFTER RETIRMENT ON SUPERANNUATION PENSION.

Service rendered after retirement on superannuation pension/retiring pension shall not count for pension or gratuity. Note below Rule - 2.1

- Beginning of service: Subject to any special rules, the services of civil servant being to qualify for pension when he takes over charge of the post to which he is first Rule 2.2.
- Temporary and officiating service:- Temporary and officiating service shall court for pension as indicated below:-
  - Civil servants borne on temporary establishment who have rendered more than five years continuous temporary service shall count such service for the (i) purpose of pension or gratuity: and
  - Temporary and officiating service followed by confirmation shall be count for (ii) pension or gratuity .Rule 2.3.

## CLARIFICATION OF PHRASE - QUALIFYING DERVICE

Temporary and officiating service followed by confirmation or temporary/officiating service exceeding five years qualifies for pension.

Some confusion seems to exist in some quarters as to how condonation of interruptions between two spells of temporary /officiating service may be . regulated under rule 2.12 (1) of the West Pakistan civil services pension Rule. According to Rule 2.3 ibid temporary and officiating service followed by confirmation or temporary/ officiating service of more than five years counts for pension / gratuity.

The provisions of rule 2.12(1) take cognizance of only those cases where the government servant had prior to the interruption period of qualifying service towards pension/gratuity. The condonation of interruptions in service with a view to allowing past Non-qualifying temporary /officiating service to qualify for pension gratuity under rule 2.3 is not permissible. In words condonation of interruption for pension gratuity in temporary officiating service is permissible only where the broken period of temporary officiating service is qualifying i.e. it exceeds five years or is followed by confirmation.

Where neither condition is fulfilled condonation of interrupt is not permissible.

To make it more clearly the following illustrations are given:-

## IN THE COURT OF

Abdul Dogum s/o VERSUS R	
Applied Heri	PK Chiefsectray &
Accused/	others
Petitioner/ Appellant/ Plaintiff	Respondent/ Defendant/ Complainant
FIR No Dated:	or:
KNOW ALL to whom these proportions.	
Angorar 1	7 h an
Advocate, High Court, Peshawar (herein eiter celle the Appellent/Petitioner in the above mentioned case in do al	MINAN, (Pushton Ghari),
the Appellant/Petitioner in the above mentioned case, to do all any of them that is to say:	the following acts, deeds and things or

. I) To act and plead in the above mentioned case in this court or any other Court in which the same may be tried or heard in the first instance or in appeal or review or execution or in any other stage of its progress until its final decision.

To sign, verify and present pleadings, appeals, cross - objections petitions for execution, review revision, withdrawal, compromise or other petition or affidavits or other documents as shall be deemed necessary or advisable for the prosecution of said case in all its stages.

3) \* To withdraw or compromise in the said case or submit to arbitration any difference or dispute that shall arise touching or in any monner relating to the said case.

To receive money and grant receipts therefore and to do of other acts and things which may be necessary to be done for the progress and the course of the prosecution of the said case.

5) To engage any other Legal practitioner authorizing him to exercise the power and authorities hereby conferred on the Advocate whenever he may think fit to do so.

AND I hereby agree to retify whatever the Advocate or his substitute shall do in the promises.

AND I hereby agree not to hold the Advocate or its substitute responsible for the result of the said case and in consequence of his absence from the court when the said case is called up for

AND I hereby that in the event of the whole or any part of the fee agreed by me to be paid to the Advocate remaining unpaid. He shall be entitled to withdraw from the prosecution of the said

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I hereunto set my hand to these presents the contents of which have been explained to and understood by me. this 6 day of 3 2023

Accepted . )

Signature/ thumb impression of party / parties.

Muhammad Anwar Khan, Puthan Charl.

Advocate High Court, Peshawar Ceil No:- 0333-9262374

Office Address: - Law Chamber No 127, Now Ban Room, Judicial Complex, Pashawar