21.03.2018

Appellant alongwith counsel and Mr. Usman Ghani, District Attorney alongwith Saquib Shahzad, Assistant and Malak Muhammad Haroon, AAO for the respondents present.

The learned counsel for the appellant submitted an application for withdrawal of the present service appeal with permission to submit fresh implementation petition for implementation of the judgment dated 12.05.2009 passed by this Tribunal.

The learned District Attorney objected to that part of this application in which the appellants seeks permission for implementation of the judgment of this Tribunal, inter-alia, on the grounds of limitation and resjudicata. In this appeal, the appellant has challenged the vires of Act No. IX of 2012 and that vires to the extent of retrospectivity has been decided by the Worthy Peshawar High Court in Writ Petition No. 913-P/2014, decided on 08.6.2017. According to the appellant after that judgment his grievance has been redressed and he can file a fresh application for the execution of the judgment of 2009 which was not executed due to that Act.

Since a question of law is involved which can be determined by the executing court only. However, this Bench has no objection on filing of execution petition subject to all legal and factual exceptions.

Consequently, the present appeal is dismissed as withdrawn. The appellant can seek all his legal rights available to him under the law. File be consigned to the record room.

Chairman
Camp court, A/Abad

<u>ANNOUNCED</u> 21.03.2018

Tember

21.11.2017

Appellant in person and Addl. AG alongwith Sohail Ahmad Zaib, Assistant for the respondents present. This appeal is also having the same legal questions as that of Muhammad Fayaz etc. fixed for 18.01.2018. This appeal is also adjourned to 18.01.2018 for arguments alongwith the appeals of Muhammad Fayaz etc. before the D.B at camp court, Abbottabad.

Member

Camp court, Abbottabad.

18.01.2018

Appellant in person and Mr. Usman Ghani, District Attorney alongwith Mr. Sohail Ahmad Zeb, Assistant for respondents present. Counsel for the appellant seeks adjournment. Adjourned. To come up for arguments on 21.02.2018 before D.B at camp court A/Abad.

Member

Camp court, A/Abad.

21.02.2018

Appellant in person and Addl. AG alongwith Sohail Ahmad Zeb, ADO for the respondents present. Appellant seeks adjournment. To come up for arguments on 21.03.2018 before the D.B. at camp court, Abbottabad.

Meinber

Chairman
Camp court, A/Abad.

19.06.2017

Appellant in person and Mr. Muhammad Siddique, Sr. GR alongwith Zubair Ali, ADO and Mr. Malik Haroon, AAO for respondents present. Both the parties have requested the court that similar nature cases are fixed before the Tribunal on 23.08.2017 and that this appeal may also be fixed alongwith those appeals. Requested is accepted. To come up for final hearing before the D.B on 23.08.2017 at camp court, Abbottabad.

Member

Camp court, A/Abad

23.08.2017

Appellant in person and Mr. Muhammad Bilal, Deputy District Attorney alongwith Sohail Ahmad Zaib, Assistant for the respondents present. Appellant seeks adjournment. Adjourned. To come up for final hearing before the D.B on 23.11.2017 at camp court, Abbottabad.

Member

Camp court, A/Abad

19.10.2017

Appellant in person and Mr. Muhammad Bilal, Deputy District Attorney for the respondents present. Seeks adjournment. To come up for arguments on 21.11.2017 before the D.B at camp court, Abbottabad.

Member

Camp court, A/Abad.

. 19.11.2015

Appellant in person and Mr. Sohail Ahmad Zeb, Assistan alongwith Mr. Muhammad Siddique, Sr.G.P for respondents present. Arguments could not be heard due to non-availability of D.B. To come up for final hearing before D.B on 20.6.2016 at Camp Court A/Abad.

Chailman Camp Court A/Abad

20.06.2016

Appellant in person, M/S Malak Haroon, AAO and Muhammad Irshjad, SO alongwith Mr. Muhammad Siddique Sr.GP for the respondents present. Informed the Tribunal that the matter is subjudice before the august Supreme Court of Pakistan. Seeks Adjournment. To come up for final hearing on 21.12.2016 before D.B at camp court, Abbottbad.

Member

Charman
Camp Court, A/Abad.

21.12.2016

Appellant in person and Mr. Sohail Ahmad Zaib, Assistant alongwith Mr. Muhammad Siddique, Sr.GP for the respondents present. Due to incomplete bench arguments could not be heard. To come up for final hearing on 19.06.2017 before D.B at camp court, Abbottabad.

Chairman Camp count, A/Abad 22.04.2015

Appellant in person and Mr.Sohail Ahmad Zeb, Assistant (lit) alongwith Mr.Muhammad Tahir Aurangzeb, G.P for official respondents present. Written reply by respondents No.1 to 4 submitted while respondents No.5 & 6 failed to submit the same. The appeal is assigned to D.B for rejoinder and final hearing for 22.7.2015 at Camp Court A/Abad.

Charman Camp Court A/Abad

Appellant in person and Mr.Sohail Ahmad, Assistant alongwith Mr.Muhammad Tahir Aurangzeb, G.P for respondents present. Rejoinder submitted. Due to non-availability of D.B arguments could not be heard. To come up for final hearing before D.B at camp court A/Abad on 19.11.2015.

Chairman Camp Court A/Abad Muhart de generales.

annulled through the said enactment. That the said

Act was challenged by similar employees before the

Hon'ble Peshawar High Court in different Writ Petitions

including W.P No. 159-A of 2014 (Annextre-D page-18)

which was disposed of by the Hen'ble High Court with

the observations that the remedy by way of appeal is

available to the aggrieved parties before the Service

mritumal against the vires of the Act and hence the

present appeal.

Points urged need consideration. Admit.

Subject to deposit of security & process fee within 10 days, notices be issued to the respondents for written reply for 16.3.2015 at camp court A/Abad.

Chairman

Camp Count A/Abad

. 16.3.2015

Muhammad, Supdt: for respondent No.1 and Zubair Ali,
ADO for respondents No.2 to 4 alongwith Mr. MuhammadTahir Aurangzeb, G.P for all respondents present.
Requested for adjournment. To come up for written
reply/comments on 22.4.2015 before S.B at camp court
A/Abad.

Chairman Camp Court A/Abad

Form- A FORM OF ORDER SHEET

Court of		 ·	
Case No	•	 903/2014	°., •

	. 4.4.4	
S.No.	Date of order Proceedings	Order or other proceedings with signature of judge or Magistrate
1-	2	3
1	01/07/2014	The appeal of Mr. Muhammad Haroon resubmitted
1	. ,	today by him may be entered in the Institution register and put
•		up to the Worthy Chairman for preliminary hearing.
٥		REGISTRAR
. ,	24.7.14	This case is entrusted to Touring Bench A.Abad for
2 `.	a company	preliminary hearing to be put up there on $19-1-13$
÷	• **	
		CHAIRMAN
	. 12	
3	19.61.2615	Appellant in person present & heard
		Contends that he is M.A M.Ed and serving
		agains the post of SDM and on the basis of
		higher qualification entitled to 4 increment
		which were not granted to the appellant for
		melafide reasons. That the appellant
		instituted service appeal No. 1851 of 2008
		before this writingal which was accepted vide
		judgmen and order dated 12.5.2009 and
		appellant were granted 4 increments. what
		there-after the Provincial Govt. enacted
		"Khyber Pakh-unkhwa Act No.IX of 2012"
		(Khyber Pakhamakhwa Cessation of Payment
		of Arrears on Advance increments on Higher
		Educational Qualification Act, 2012) whereby
		the relief granted to the appellant was
	,	

The appeal of Mr. Muhammad Haroon Senior DM, Teacher GHS Jhangi Abbottabad received today i.e. on 17.06.2014 is incomplete on the following score which is returned to the appellant for completion and resubmission within 15 days.

Copy of departmental appeal/review is not attached with the appeal which may be placed on it.

No. 961 /s.t,

Dt. 17/6 12014.

REGISTRAR
SERVICE TRIBUNAL
KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA
PESHAWAR.

Mr. Muhammad Haroon SDM GHS Jhangi Abbottabad.

Resubmitted with the remarks/request that impugned Act (KPK ACT NO IX OF 2012 dated 15/05/2012) was promulgated.

Initially the impugned Act (KPK ACT NO IX OF 2012 dated 15/05/2012) was challenged in Constitutional Petition (Writ Petition) before High Court and on 25/03/2014, the Honourable High Court decided the law point in this respect at Para 04 of the its judgment that Service Tribunal has its own jurisdiction to decide the matter involved in said Act. Thus instant Service appeal is filed under the High Court Order.

Moreover the requirement of departmental appeal u/s 4 of the KPK Service Tribunal Act is not possible as final authority for promulgation of Act is Governor KPK and there is no appellate authority available in the department who entertained such departmental appeal, and the said issue is resolved by High Court in judgment dated 25/03/2014 which is already annexed with appeal.

Under the above circumstances it is requested that instant service appeal may please be fixed for further legal process before Honourable Tribunal.

(Muhammad Haroon) Appellant in person

BEFORE KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA SERVICE TRIBUNAL PESHAWAR.

Service Appeal No: 903 of 2014

Muhammad Haroon S/O Muhammad Ayub, Senior D.M teacher, Government High School Jhangi, Abbottabad. R/O: Village Basali, Post Office Kakul, District, Abbottabad.

Appellant

Versus

Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa through Secretary Finance Department Peshawar and 05 0ther.

Respondents

SERVICE APPEAL

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1	Memo; of Service Appeal	·	1 to 5
2	Copy of Service Appeal No 1051 of 2008	A	6 to 9
3	Copy of relevant pages of Judgment Dated 12/05/2009	В	10 to 14
	Copy of Act (KPK ACT NO IX OF 2012 dated 15/05/2012)	C	15 to 17
4	Copy of Peshawar High Court order dated 25/03/2014	D	18 to 25

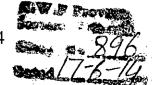
Dated 12/06/2014

(Muhammad Haroon)
Appellant in person



BEFORE KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA SERVICE TRIBUNAL PESHAWAR.

Service Appeal No: 903 of 2014



Muhammad Haroon S/O Muhammad Ayub, Senior D.M teacher, Government High School Jhangi, Abbottabad. R/O: Village Basali, Post Office Kakul, District, Abbottabad.

Appellant

Versus

- 1 Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa through Secretary Finance Department Peshawar.
- 2 Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa through Secretary (Elementary & Secondary Education), Department Peshawar.
- 3 Director of (Elementary & Secondary Education) Department, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Peshawar.
- Education 4 District Education Officer, Elementary Secondary & Department District Abbottabad.
- 5 Accountant General Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Peshawar.
- 6 District Comptroller of Accounts, Abbottabad.

Respondents

SERVICE APPEAL IS BEING FILED WITH OUT DEPARTMENTAL APPEAL WHICH IS IMPOSSIBLE IN THE CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE CASE AND THE SAME LAW POINT IS ALSO DECIDED BY THE PESHAWAR HIGH COURT, ABBOTTABAD BENCH IN WRIT PETITION NO 159-A OF 2014 AT PAGE 6 OF THE JUDGMENT.



samutted 10-de

and filed.

APPEAL UNDER SECTION 4 OF KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA SERVICE TRIBUNAL ACT 1974, AGAINST THE IMPUGNED "KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA ACT NO. IX of 2012" (KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA CESSATION OF PAYMENT OF ARREARS ON **EDUCATIONAL** HIGHER ON INCREMENTS ADVANCE QUALIFICATION ACT, 2012) WHICH IS UNCONSTITUTIONAL, WITHOUT LAWFUL AUTHORITY, ARBITRARY, PERVERSE, DISCREMINATORY' AGAINST THE PRINCIPAL OF NATURAL



JUSTICE AND INEFFECTIVE UPON THE APPELLANT'S RIGHTS OF 04 ADVANCE INCREMENTS, GRANTED IN SERVICE APPEAL NO 1051 OF 2008 ACCEPTED BY KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA SERVICE TRIBUNAL PASSED ON 12/05/2009 ALONG WITH ALL BACK BENEFITS WITH EFFECT FROM HIS RÉLEVANT DATE OF CLAIM.

PRAYER:-

ON ACCEPTANCE OF THE INSTANT SERVICE APPEAL, DECLARED THE SAID ACT (KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA ACT UNCONSTITUTIONAL 2012) AS **ILLEGAL** NO.IX APPELLANT'S RIGHTS OF INEFFECTIVE UPON THE BE RESPONDENTS AND **INCREMENTS** ADVANCE DIRECTED TO **GRANT** RELEVANT 04 GRACIOUSLY **DECIDED** ON **INCREMENTS** (ALREADY ADVANCE 12/05/2009) TO THE APPELLANT WITH EFFECT FROM HIS RELEVANT DATES OF CLAIMS WITH ALL BACK BENEFITS.

Respectfully Sheweth,

FACTS

- Increments on his higher qualification of MA/MSc on the basis of acceptance of his individual Service Appeal by this Honourable Service Tribunal and passed a consolidated judgment on 12/05/2009 at Camp Court Abbottabad. Copy of service appeal and relevant pages of Judgment is annexed as "Annexure "A" & "B".
- That when respondents' after passing long time' did not implement the existing judgment of Service Tribunal, appellant filed execution petition before this Tribunal, but an Act "Khyber Pakhtunkhwa cessation of payment of arrears on advance increments on higher education qualification Act" (KPK ACT NO IX OF 2012 dated 15/05/2012) was promulgated/published by the respondents. Copy of Act no IX is annexed as Annexure "C".

- Increments) of execution/implementation of judgment of Service Tribunal in respect of appellant and others too was abated/filed by the Service Tribunal, and appellant has come to know on 10/06/2014 that the vires of said impugned Act was also challenged through Constitution Petition (Writ Petition) before Peshawar High Court and where it was decided on 25/03/2014 and High Court held that remedy by way of service appeal before the Service Tribunal is available to the aggrieved person (appellant) against the impugned Act. Copy of High Court Order is annexed as **Annexure "D"**.
- 4) That in pursuance of law as decided by High Court in Writ Petition, the instant service appeal is being filed with out departmental appeal, as under the law, it is not possible because there is no appellate departmental authority available, above the Governor KPK who is the promulgating/issuing final authority of impugned Act, However High Court has already decided the matters in Para 06 of the judgment Hence this Service appeal inter alia on the following Grounds.

Grounds

- a) That it is undoubted fact that respondents illegally snatched the legal rights of the appellant in an uncivilized way in a very haste manner, which is against the equity and there is no single example is available in the civilized society.
- b) That it is admittedly proved that Service Tribunal passed its judgment on 12/05/2009 and respondents did not implement it after passing long period of 04 years, moreover Service Tribunal accepted the 267 service appeals through said single judgment dated 12/05/2009, while 90 % of cases has already been implemented, thus gross discriminatory treatment is involved in the case of appellant and the said Act is against Article 25 of the Constitution.

- c) That the action of respondents is admittedly arbitrary capricious unjust and against all norms of justice and against Tribunal Judgment and order as well as constitution of Pakistan.
- d) That impugned Act (Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Act No IX) is admittedly against the Article 25 of the Constitution as well as Constitution it self, according to said Act advance increments taken before issuance of Act (15/05/2012) would be legal, correct and valid but the same rights of advance increments (execution Petitions) would stand abated as per impugned Act, Such kind of target date of any Act/Notification /Memorandum/letter is not only illegal, against law but also against the Constitutional rights of the petitioners and in this respect the Learned larger bench of Supreme Court decided the same matters in (1991 SCMR 1041) (relevant at para 33 page 1092) thus liable to be declared illegal.
- e) That under the law provincial assembly has no power to neither change the nature of constitutional rights/Article nor pass any Act which is against to any Article of Constitution and the impugned Act cannot be passed in the presence of Article 25 of the Constitution.
- f) That Constitution cannot allow pick and choose types of colourful activities between the citizens thus impugned Act is unconstitutional.
- g) That it is an admitted fact that under question Act is the matter of great public importance.
- h) That appellant, who is once again dragged into litigation, that his grievances have been solved completely by this Honourable Tribunal by accepting his service appeal on 12/05/2009, but respondents published an illegal impugned Act, thus the conduct of the respondents is uncivilized in the civilized society and as such requires indulgence of this Honourable Tribunal by awarding appropriate punishment to the respondents

It is, therefore, respectfully prayed that on acceptance of the instant Service appeal, this Honourable Tribunal may please be declared the said Act (Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Act No. IX of 2012) as illegal unconstitutional and respondents be graciously directed to grant 04 advance increments of M.A/M.Sc to the appellant with effect from his relevant dates of claims, decided in service appeal no 10/251 of 2008, with all back benefits in the interest of natural justice.

Any other relief for which the appellant is entitled, and the same is not asked/prayed specifically, may very kindly be granted in favour of the appellant.

Dated 12/06/2014

(Muhammad Haroon) Appellant in person

Affidavit

I, Muhammad Haroon S/O Muhammad Ayub, Senior D.M teacher, Government High School Jhangi, Abbottabad. R/O: Village Basali, Post Office Kakul, District, Abbottabad, do here by affirm on oath that contents of instant appeal is correct and true according to my best knowledge and belief and nothing has been suppressed from this Honourable Tribunal and this instant appeal is first appeal & same nature of any other appeal is not pending before Honourable Tribunal

Dated 12/04/2014

ATTE

(Muhammad Haroon)
Appellant in person **DEPONENT**

BEFORE NWFP SERVICE TRIBUNAL PESHAWAR.

Annexure, A,

Service Appeal No:

of 2008

Muhammad Haroon S/O Muhammad Ayub, D.M teacher, Government High School Jhangi, Abbottabad. R/O: Village Basali, Post Office Kakul, District, ABBOTTABAD.

a.W. Fovingellant

Versus

Diary Fc. 12-88

- 1 Executive District Officer (Schoole & Literacy), Abbottabad.
- 2 District Coordination Officer, Abbottabad.
- 3 District Accounts Officer, Abbettalad.
- 4 Director of (Schools & Literacy) N.W.F.P Peshawar.
- 5 Secretary to Govt of N.W.F.P (Schools & Literacy) Department Peshawar.

Respondents

Appeal under Section 4 of NWFP Service Tribunal Act 1974. For grant of 04 Four acveace increments of M.A. w. e. f. 31/08/2000 (date of passing M.A. Examination) with all back benefits on the basis of Para 5(i) (c) of the Notification No FD (PRC) 1-1/89 dated 11-08-1991 issued by (Finance Department N.W.F.P., Peshawar) and in pursuance of Judgments/Law passed by Supreme Court of Pakistan.

PRAYER

It is respectfully prayed before this Honourable Tribunal that the instant appeal may graciously be accepted, and the appellant may be granted 04 advance increments of MA w.e.f. 31/08/2000, with all back benefits

Respectfully Sheweth,

FACTS

That appellant had appointed in Education Department as a D.M trained teacher on 08/11/1994, Appellant had also passed his professional D.M training before his Service, thus his regular Service has also started from the date of his joining Education Department. Now a day's appellant is working as D.M teacher in BPS No 14 in the Department. A Certificate in this respect issued by concerned authority is annexed as Attackure A.

Avered

ANTESTED TENDER

Filed to-day

- That appellant had passed his B.A examination before his appointment as D.M teacher, and being B.A 2nd Division has placed in BPS No 14 against D.M post w.e.f. 08/11/1994 (Date of joining Service), on the basis of Notification No FD(PRC)1-1/89 dated 07/08/1991, issued by Finance Department, N.W.F.P, Peshawar. Copy of said Notification No FD (PRC)1-1/89 dated 07/08/1991 is **Annexure B**.
- That appellant during his Service, had also passed his M.A examination, and was/is entitled for Four (04) Advance Increments with effect from 31/08/2000 (date of passing M.A Examination) in pursuance of Para 5 (i) (c) of the Notification No FD(PRC)1-1/89 dated 11/08/1991, issued by Finance Department, N.W.F.P, Peshawar, but these four (04) advance increments were not given to the appellant by the respondents in their office routine, until now. Copy of said Notification No FD (PRC)1-1/89 dated 11/08/1991 is **Annexure C**.
- That appellant being teacher in Education Department was/is a member of Civil Employees (BPS-1-15) of the Provincial Government of N.W.F.P and was/is entitled advance increments in pursuance of Notification 11/08/1991 referred above, whose Para # 5, Clause (c) caters for the grant of Four Advance Increments M.A/M.Sc against D.M post because Prescribed Qualification of the said post was/is also F.A/F.Sc with D.M Course, So appellant was/is entitled the same and Respondents did not give his Constitutional rights.
- That now, In the Meanwhile, Honourable Supreme Court Of Pakistan has also decided the same matters in CPLA No 525,526 of 2007 on 19/07/2007, and ultimately declared that teachers (appellant) in Education Department are also Entitled for their Advanced Increments given in Para 5 (1) of Notification No FD(PRC)1-1/89 Dated 11/08/1991 without any change/exception. Copy of Supreme Court judgment is annexed as **Annexure D**.
- 6) That Honourable Supreme Court of Pakistan has been pleased to dismiss the Civil Review Petitions No 216 & 217 of 2007, filed by Finance Department, N.W.F.P, Peshawar, on 29/01/2008, which were filed against the judgment, dated 19/07/2007, passed in C.P.L.A No 525 & 526 of 2007, and now the matters of Advance Increments attained its finality and there is no way before the respondents to withhold/deny the rights of appellant. Copy of Supreme Court judgment passed in C.R.P No 216 & 217 of 2007 is annexed as **Annexure E**.

Attertial

- 7) That the petitioner of C.P.L.A. No 525 of 2007 (Mr: Rashid Iqbal Khan CT, GMS Tarhana, Abbottabad) has now received his 04 Advance Increments of M.A/M.Sc with effect from its qualifying date, i.e. 15/09/1997, through an order issued on 26/02/2008, by the Education Department, in compliance of the Judgments of Honourable Supreme Court of Pakistan, dated 19/07/2007 & 29/01/2008, passed in CPLA No 525/2007 & CRP No 216/2007. Copy of Order dated 26/02/2008, of 04 Advance Increments of MA/MSc is annexed as Annexure F.
- 8) That when the above Judgments of the Supreme Court dated 19/07/2007 & 29/01/2008, and above order of Education Department dated 26/02/2008 (Annexure F) came into the notice of appellant, in the light of the same, he submitted his departmental representation to respondent no 1 on \$7/63/2008 through Head Master Concerned, the School Head Master sent to appellant's representation under/with his own covering letter, and it is undecided within the statutory period of 90 days. Copy of representation is annexed as Annexure G, and Covering letter is Annexure H. Hence this appeal inters alia on the following ground, and appellant's appeal is within 120 days from the submission of his departmental representation.

Grounds

- a) That the impugned action of respondent no 01 not deciding the appellant's representation dated 27/03/2008 is arbitrary, unjust, and against all the norms of justice and equity and violated the Articles 25,189 and 190 of the Constitution, as petitioner of CPLA (Mr. Rashid Iqbal Khan) has got his same relief of 04 advance increments of MA/MSc.
- b) That the impugned action of respondent no 01 not deciding the appellant's representation, is against law, facts of the case, also against letter and spirit of the Judgments of Honourable Supreme Court of Pakistan dated 19/07/2007 passed in CPLA No 525,526 of 2007 and also dated 29/01/2008 in Civil Review Petition No 216 & 217 of 2007.
- c). That the Policy contained in Notification/Circular dated 11/08/1991 at its Para 5 was/is passed by N.W.F.P Provincial Assembly in their Budget Session 1991-92 and then Hon, le Governor approved the same and Finance Department issued the said Circular after completing the legal requirements
- d) That all the Respondents neither have power nor any jurisdiction to change, withheld/deny the Government Policy contained in Circular/Notification dated 11/08/1991 and cannot apply according to their own wishes and whims against the said policy.

Allebrah



- e) That the action of respondents in refusing the grant of advance increments to the appellant on the basis of Circular dared 11/08/1991, violated the Article 25,189 190 of the Constitution, as petitioner of CPLA (Mr. Rashid Iqbal Khan) has got his same relief of 04 advance increments of MA/MSc.
- f). That the said Circular (Annexure C) was/is issued for Civil Provincial Employees of N.W.F.P (BPS-1-15) and appellant being teacher(Education Department) falls under the same and fully entitled for the relief of Advanced Increments along with back benefits as claimed by him.
- g). That the case of appellant is the same nature in pursuance of Para 5 (i) of Notification, which was decided by Supreme Court of Pakistan on 19/07/2007 passed in CPLA No 525,526 of 2007 (Annexure D).
- h). That under the law appellant's case is quite Clear after the Judgment passed in CPLA No 525,526 of 2007 by Supreme Court, and refusal/dismissal of appellant's representation is illegal, without jurisdiction and unconstitutional.
- i). That there is now no dispute available in the case of appellant as Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan has decided all the disputed matters involved in the instant appeal on 19/07/2007.
- j). That appellant's service appeal is maintainable and appellant's post is D.M and prescribed qualification of the said post was/is F.A and appellant is now working in BPS # 14 against D.M post and Instant Case falls under Para 5(1) (c) of the Circular dated 11/08/1991(Annexure C)

It is there fore respectfully prayed that appellant's appeal may kindly be accepted and 4 advance increments of M.A w.e.f. 31/08/2000 (date of passing M.A examination), along with all back benefits may graciously be granted to the appellant in the interest of justice.

(Muhammad Haroon) Appellant in person

<u>Affidavit</u>

I do here by affirm on oath that contents of instant appeal is correct and true according to my best knowledge and belief and nothing has been suppressed from this Honourable Tribunal and this instant appeal is first appeal & same nature of any other appeal is not pending before Honourable Tribunal

ATTESTED

HINDOO (Judit + 64

HOM-16/67

Pobortabad Pakiston 22 2608

(Muhammad Haroon)
DEPONENT

Alegen

BEFORE NWFP SERVICE TRIBUNAL PESHAWAR.

Annexure, B,

Service Appeal No.

of 2008

Muhammad Haroon S/O Muhammad Ayub, D.M teacher, Government High School Jhangi, Abbottabad. R/O: Village Basali, Post Office Kakul, District, ABBOTTABAD.

M.W.E POO Appellant

Versus

Diary 1 - 12-88

- 1 Executive District Officer (Schools & Literacy), Abbottabad.
- 2 District Coordination Officer, Abbottabad.
- 3 District Accounts Officer, Abbottabad.
- 4 Director of (Schools & Literacy) N.W.F.P Peshawar.
- 5 Secretary to Govt of N.W.F.P (Schools & Literacy) Department Peshawar.

Respondents

Appeal under Section 4 of NWFP Service Tribunal Act 1974. For grant of 04 Four advance increments of M.A. w. e. f. 31/08/2000 (date of passing M.A. Examination) with all back benefits on the basis of Para 5(i) (c) of the Notification No FD (PRC) 1-1/89 dated 11-08-1991 issued by (Finance Department N.W.F.P., Peshawar) and in pursuance of Judgments/Law passed by Supreme Court of Pakistan.

12.5.2009

Appellant in person. Arshad Alam, A.G.P alongwith representative of the respondents present. Vide our detailed judgment of to-day in appeal No. 1276/2007, this appeal is also accepted. The parties are, however, left to bear their own costs.

ANNOUNCED 12.05.2009

Sd/- Member

Sd/- Member. Camp court, Abbottabad.

BEFORE THE NWFP SERVICE TRIBUNAL, CAMP COURT

Appeal No. 1276/2007

Date of institution - 27.12.2007 Date of decision - 12.05.2009

Muhammad Akram, S/O Sikandar Khan, C.T. Teacher, Government High School, Kuthwal, Abbottabad................(Appellant)

VERSUS

- 1. District Coordination Officer, Abbottabad.
- 2. Executive District officer (S &L) Abbottabad.
- 3. District Accounts Officer, Abbottabad.
- 4. Director (S&L) Department, Peshawar.
- 5. Secretary to Government of NWFP (S&L) Department Peshawar.
- 6. Accountant General NWFP Peshawar.
- 7. Secretary to Government of NWFP Finance Department, Peshawar.

Appellant in person present.
Arshad Alam, A.G.P......

....For respondents.

MR. ABDUL JALIL MEMBER
MR. BISMILLAH SHAH MEMBER

JUDGMENT.

ABDUL JALIL, MEMBER; This judgment/order will dispose of this Service Appeal No. 1276 of 2007, by Muhammad Akram and the following Service Appeals. The reason is that the broad facts and the legal issues in all the below mentioned appeals are the same, and need consolidated judgment and joint disposal.

Sr. No.	Appeal No.	Name of appellant.
1.	1277/2007	Saidur Rahman,
2.	1278/2007	Munibur Rahman,
3.	1279/2007	Muhammad Siddique,
Д.	01/2008	MaroofKhan
Ĵ.	02/2008	∸ Amjad Hussain Awan

Allesbid

78.	399/2008	Muhammad Hanif,
79.	906/2008	Noor Elahi,
3 0.	907/2008	Muhammad Irshad,
81.	950/2008.	Abdul Haleem Lodhi,
82.	951/2008	Jahangir Iqbal,
83.	952/2008	Gul Hameed,
84.	953/2008	Muhammad Imran,
85.	954/2008	Muhammad Ishtiaq,
86.	955/2008	Muhammad Ashraf,
87.	956/2008,	Asif Ali,
88.	957/2008	Abdul Hamid,
89.	958/2008	Muhammad Hanif,
90.	959/2008	Muhammad Kabria Khan,
91.	960/2008	Rashed Latif,
92.	961/2008	Syed Amjad Hussain Shah,
93.	962/2008	Muhammad Shoaib,
94.	963/2008	Muhammad Bashir,
95.	964/2008	Niaz Ahmad,
96.	965/2008	Syed Iftikhar Hussain Shah,
97.	967/2008	Muhammad Siddique,
98.	981/2008	Mst. Robina Awan,
99.	982/2008	Sadaqat Khan,
100.	983/2008	Mst. Tahseen Bibi,
101.	984/2008	Tariq Mahmood,
102.	985/2008	Mst. Saeeda Bano
103.	1025/2008	Miss Tanveer Akhtar,
104.	1026/2008	Mst. Imtiaz Kiani,
105.	1027/2008	Naveed Ahmad,
106.	1032/2008	Mst. Sajida Bibi,
107.	1049/2008	Banaras Khan,
108.	1050/2008	Javed Iabal,
1 09.	1051/2008	Muhammad Haroon,
110.	1110/2008	Raja Waheed Murad (Health)
20	1111/2008	Auvangzeb Khan,
112.	1112/2008	Oazi Sacod-ur-Rahman.
113.	1113/2008	Muhammad Initiaz.

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257.	504/2009	Muhammad Shamraiz
258.	505/2009	Ali Bahadur
259.	506/2009	Muhammad Haroon
260.	523/2009	Naureena Maqsood
261.	524/2009	Yasmeen Akhtar
262.	525/2009	Shabana Nazir
263.	681/2009	Nighat Bibi
264.	682/2009	Waseem Sultan
265.	683/2009	Bibi Hajra
266.	684/2009	Abdul Razaq
267.	685/2009	Fatiha Gul

- 2. The appellant of Service Appeal No. 1276 of 2007, contended that he was appointed as untrained P.E.T. Teacher in Education Department on 27.6.1990. The appellant being C.T trained, was adjusted against the C.T post on 06.05.1996 on regular basis. He acquired higher qualification of M.A on 25.08.1999. The appellant was entitled to advance increments in the light of the Finance Department notification dated 11.8.1991. The same was not given to him. Some of the teachers came to this Tribunal whose Service Appeals were dismissed in Service Appeal No. 498 of 2006 decided on 24.4.2007. The August Supreme Court of Pakistan, while deciding C.P.L.A No. 525 of 2007 and CPLA No. 526 of 2007 decided that all the teachers were entitled to the advance increments like all other civil servants. On the request of the appellant, the same benefit was not given to him. Hence, he filed the present Service Appeal. As already mentioned, the broad facts and the legal issues in all other appeals are almost on the same lines.
- 3. The respondents contested the appeal and contended that either the appellants had not submitted applications or their applications were time-barred. And there was no judgment in favour of the appellants.

We heard the arguments and perused the record.

The judgment in CPLA Nos. 525 of 2007 and 526 of 2007 is as under:-

"3. Learned Additional Advocate General attempted to argue that in view of the higher scale granted to Elementary School Teachers in

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pursuance of the circular letter dated 07.8.1991, which was personal to them, the petitioners would not be entitled to the incentive of advance increments contemplated by circular letter dated 11.8.1991 but he is unable to cite any principle of law or authority for placing this interpretation. We find that, while circular letter dated 7.8.1991 exclusively deals with the scales of pay of school teachers in different categories, circular letter dated 11.8.1991, provides for the revision of basic pay scales and grant of annual increments and advance increments for all Provincial civil servants in NWFP without any exception. Since the teachers or the employees in Education Department have never been expressly or impliedly excluded from the operation of the circular letter, view taken by the Tribunal being erroneous cannot be sustained at law. In fact, it suffers from clear misconception of law and misconstruction of the circular letter (supra)."

While disposing of the C.R.P No. 216 and 217 of 2007 in C.P Nos. 525 and 526 of 2007, the August Supreme Court of Pakistan held:-

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"The learned Addl. Advocate General has contended that this Court while interpreting the circulars in question has taken a view contrary to the correct legal position, according to which private respondents were not entitled to the benefit of advance increments. We are afraid, the learned Addl. A.G instead of pointing out any mistake of law and fact in the judgment made an attempt to re-open the case on merits. The scale of review is very limited and the points already considered in the judgment under review cannot be allowed to be re-agitated in review jurisdiction. These review petitions being without any substance are accordingly dismissed."

While disposing of Crl. O.P. No. 66 & 67 of 2007, it was held by the August Supreme Court of Pakistan:-

"The learned Addl. A.G. has given an undertaking for implementation of the judgment of this Court within a period of two weeks and in view thereof, this criminal original is disposed of with the direction that the

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judgment should be implemented in letter and spirit within two weeks runder intimation to the Registrar of this Court."

Here are d B = 1. A place of the above circumstances, and in view of the judgment in rhyme by the August Shoreme Court of Pakistan, and keeping in view the provisions of Article 189 of the Constitution of Islamic Republic of Pakistan, we have no other alternative but to declare that all the appellants, after ascertainment that they are the persons similarly placed with the appellants who had previously liftigated and in whose favour the judgment mentioned above was given by the August Supreme Court of Pakistan, are entitled to the same benefits as have been given to the appellants of the judgments quoted above. The appeals of such similarly placed persons, after such ascertainment, stands accepted without costs. Each party will bear the cost of the litigation.

- The official respondents in the above mentioned appeals as well as the other concerned officers/officials in the province are directed to follow the above quoted judgments in their true letter and spirit and without compelling the respective right holders to enter into litigation with the respective official respondents, otherwise the costs of their litigation shall be recovered from the pay and pension as well as person and property of the defaulting concerned officer, though after fixation of responsibility on them as a result of proper enquiry.
- 8. The remaining similarly placed persons may submit applications/ representations to their concerned authorities directly, who shall have to decide their cases as above within a reasonable time.

ANNOUNCED.

12.05.2009.

(BISMILLAH SHAH) MEMBER. (ABDUL JALIL)

MEMBER.

CAMP COURT ABBOTTABAD.

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Annexure 10

REGISTERED NO. PIII

EXTRAORDINARY

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GAZETTE

KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA

Published by Authority

PESHAWAR, TUESDAY, 15TH MAY, 2012.

PROVINCIAL ASSEMBLY SECRETARIAT KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA

NOTIFICATION
Dated Peshawar, the 15th May, 2012.

No. PA/Khyber Pakhtunkhwa/Bills/2012/20711.—The Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Cessation of Payment of Arrears on Advance Increments on Higher Educational Qualification Bill, 2012 having been passed by the Provincial Assembly of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa on 8th May, 2012 and assented to by the Governor of the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa on 11th May, 2012 is hereby published as an Act of the Provincial Legislature of the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa.

THE KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA CESSATION OF PAYMENT OF ARREARS ON ADVANCE INCREMENTS ON HIGHER EDUCATIONAL QUALIFICATION ACT, 2012.

(KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA ACT NO. IX OF 2012)

(first published after having received the assent of the Governor of the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa in the Gazette of the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (Extraordinary), dated the 15th May, 2012).

AN ACT

to cease the payment of arrears accrued on account of advance increments on higher educational qualification.

WHEREAS advance increments have been granted to certain Provincial Government employees on the basis of acquiring or possessing higher educational qualification over and above the prescribe educational qualification from time to time;

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AND WHEREAS the Provincial Government vide Notification No. (PRC)1-1/2001, dated 27.10.2001, had already discontinued the scheme of advance increments on higher educational qualification;

AND WHEREAS due to financial constraints, it is not possible for Provincial Government to pay the claimed and unclaimed arrears accrued from the said increments;

It is hereby enacted as follows:-

- 1. Short title, application and commencement.— (1) This Act may be called the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Cessation of Payment of Arrears on Advance lucrements on Higher Educational Qualification Act, 2012.
- (2) It shall apply to all the employees of the Provincial Government, who were entitled to received advance increments on higher educational qualification.
- (3) It shall come into force at once and shall be deemed to have taken effect on and from 1st day of December, 2001.
- 2. Cessation of payment of arrears on advance increments on higher educational qualification.—(1) Notwithstanding anything contained in any decision, judgment and order of any Tribunal or Court including High Court or Supreme Court of Pakistan, for the purpose of any claim for payment of arrears on account of advance increments on higher educational qualification sanctioned in pursuance of any order, letter, office memoranda, notification, instructions and other instruments issued before 1.12.2001, such orders, letters, office memoranda, notifications, instructions and other instruments shall be deemed to be non-existent, ceased or revoked and no further claim whatsoever on the basis of these instruments shall be entertained and all cases in respect of such claims pending in any Court or Tribunal including High Court and Supreme Court of Pakistan shall stand abated.
 - (2) Any order made, instruction issued, decision, judgment or order of any Court or Tribunal including a High Court or the Supreme Court, implemented immediately before the commencement of this Act, shall be deemed to have been validly made, issued and implemented by the date of commencement of this Act, validly made, issued and implemented by the date of commencement of this Act, validly made are already paid there-under on account of advance increments or arrears thereof shall be deemed to have been validly paid and shall not be recoverable from the recipient Government employees.

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KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA GOVERNMENT GAZETTE, EXTRAORDINARY, 15th MAY, 2012. 895

- 3. Removal of difficulties.— If any difficult arises, in giving effect to the provisions of this Act, the Provincial Government may make such orders as it may deem just and equitable.
- 4. Repeal.- The Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Cessation of Payment of Arrears on Advance Increments on Higher Educational Qualification Ordinance, 2012 (Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Ordinance NO. I of 2012), is hereby repealed.

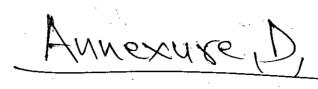
BY ORDER OF MR. SPEAKER

PROVINCIAL ASSEMBLY OF KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA

(AMANULLAH)
Secretary
Provincial Assembly of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa

Printed and published by the Manager, Staty. & Ptg. Deptt., Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, Peshawar

Attestand





BEFORE THE PESHAWAR HIGH COURT ABBOTTABAD BENCH

159~A Writ Petition No

- 1) Muhammad Fayaz Awan S/O Muhammad Urfan, Junior Pharmacy Technician, Ayub Teaching Hospital, Abbottabad. R/O: House No K: 240/10, Kuni Jadeed, Abbottabad.
- 2) Muhammad Daud Qureshi S/O Masood Ur Rehman, Junior Pharmacy Technician, Ayub Teaching Hospital, Abbottabad. R/O: House No (1452) Behind Masjid Abu Bakkar, Khola Kehal, Teh; & Distt; Abbottabad.
- 3) Arshad Khan S/O Mir Afzal Khan C.T teacher Government High School No 3 (English Medium), Abbottabad R/o village, Ghumawan, Post Office Nawan Shehr, Tehsil& District Abbottabad.
- 4) Samiullah S/O Gul Badshah, Director Physical Education, Government Higher Secondary School Nawan Shehr Abbottabad, R/O Village Dallokhel Teh & District Lakhi Marwat, presently Nawan Shehr Abbottabad.
- 5) Hafiz Muhammad Iqbal Khan Qureshi, S/O Muhammad Yousaf Qureshi, Theology Teacher, (T.T) Government Centennial Model Secondary (GHS No 02) Abbottabad R/O: KL 166, Mohallah Upper Kehal, Tehsil & District, Abbottabad.
- 6) Qazi Masood-ur-Rehman S/O Qazi Ghulam Jilani, (Ex PTC teacher) C.T teacher, Government Middle School Khoi Maira, Haripur. R/O: Village & Post Office Khoi Nara, Tehsil & District, Haripur.
- 7) Nazira Begum D/O Jhangir Khan, (w/o Jamshed Khan) D.M teacher Government Girls High School Kuthiala, District Abbottabad. R/O: Village and Post Office Kuthiala, Tehsil & District, Abbottabad.

Petitioners

Versus

- 1 Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa through Secretary Finance Department, Peshawar.
 - 2 Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa through Secretary Health Department, Peshawar.
 - Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa through Secretary (Elementary & Secondary Education), Department Peshawar.
 - Accountant General Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Peshawar.

éctor General, Health & Services Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, Peshawar. Abboitabad Ben



- 6 Director of (Elementary & Secondary Education) Department, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Peshawar.
- 7 Chief Executive, Ayub Medical Complex, Abbottabad.
- 8 Medical Superintendent, Ayub Teaching Hospital, Abbottabad.
- 9 Director Finance, Ayub Teaching Hospital, Abbottabad.
- 10 District Education Officer, Elementary & Secondary Education Department Abbottabad.
- 11 District Education Officer, Elementary & Secondary Education Department Haripur.
- 12 District Accounts Officer Abbottabad.
- 13 District Accounts Officer Haripur.

Respondents

WRIT PETITION UNDER ARTICLE 199 THE CONSTITUTION OF ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF PAKISTAN 1973, DECLARATION THAT FOR "KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA CESSATION OF PAYMENT OF ARREARS ON ADVANCE INCREMENTS ON HIGHER EDUCATIONAL QUALIFICATION ACT, 2012. (KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA ACT NO.IX of 2012) IS INEFFECTIVE UPON THE RIGHTS OF THE PETITIONERS, UNCONSTITUTIONAL, WITHOUT LAWFUL AUTHORITY, ARBITRARY, PERVERSE, DISCREMINATORY AND AGAINST THE PRINCIPAL OF NATURAL JUSTICE AND LAW AS SETTLED BY SUPREME COURT AND INEFFECTIVE UPON THE RIGHTS OF ADVANCE INCREMENTS OF THE PETITIONERS WHICH IS GRANTED BY KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA SERVICE TRIBUNAL IN THEIR INDIVIDUAL SERVICE APPEALS WITH EFFECT FROM THEIR RELEVANT DATES OF CLAIM.

PRAYER:-

ON ACCEPTANCE OF THE INSTANT WRIT PETITION, THIS HONOURABLE COURT BE DECLARED THE SAID ACT (KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA ACT NO.IX of 2012) AS ILLEGAL UNCONSTITUTIONAL AND RESPONDENTS BE GRACIOUSLY DIRECTED TO GRANT ADVANCE INCREMENTS TO THE PETITIONERS WITH EFFECT FROM COTHER RELEVANT DATES OF CLAIMS WITH ALL BACK BENEFITS.

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Judgment Sheet

IN THE PESHAWAR HIGH COURT, ABBOTTABAD BENCH.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT

WP No.159-A of 2014

JUDGMENT.

Date of hearing......25/03/2014....

Petitioner(s)(Muhammad Fiaz Awan and others)
Petitioner No.1 in person.....

Respondent (s)(Govt. of KPK through Secretary Finance Department etc).....

MALIK MANZOOR HUSSAIN, J:-

Muhammad Fiaz Awan and six others

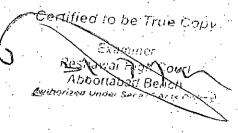
petitioners seek the constitutional

jurisdiction of this Court praying that:

"It is, therefore, respectfully prayed that on acceptance of instant Writ Petition, this Honourable Court may please be declared the said Act (Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Act No.IX of 2012) as illegal, unconstitutional and respondents be graciously directed to grant advance increments of higher qualification to the petitioners with effect from their relevant dates of claims

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with all backs benefits in the interest of natural justice."

2. Admittedly, petitioners Government employees, serving in Health and Education departments of the Government of KPK, as Junior Pharmacy Technician and Teachers Computer Operator at Abbottabad and Haripur. The petitioners have earlier fileď separate appeals before the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Service Tribunal, Peshawar praying for grant of advance increments on acquiring higher qualification, which were accepted vide order dated 12.05.2009, 21.07.2009 and 21.12.2009. The respondents did not file appeal against the said decisions of the when the said However, Tribunal. judgments of the KPK Tribunal could not be implemented, the petitioners filed petitions for implementation of the said decisions before the Tribunal and in the meanwhile, the respondents promulgated 'Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Cessation of Payment of Arrears on Advance Increments on

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Higher Education Qualification Act, 2012' (Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Act No.IX of 2012) published in the Gazette of the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (Extraordinary) dated 15th May, 2012. Thereafter, the apex Court in Civil Petition No.360 of 2013 involving similar dispute of implementation of judgment passed by Service Tribunal has given the following observation:-

"A bare reading of the above Khyber sections from Pakhtunkhwa Act No.IX of 2012 makes it crystal clear that whatever benefit the petitioner was claiming through the judgment dated 12.5.2009, has been nullified by the legislature through clear intendment unequivocal terms, while vires of the said Act have not been challenged before any forum."

(Emphasis provided)

The petitioners in view of the said observation, withdrawn their implementation / execution petitions pending before Service Tribunal with a view to challenge the vires of said Act through instant Constitutional petition.

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- 3. The submissions made by petitioner No.1 in person and on behalf of other petitioners have been considered and the available record thoroughly perused.
- The main grievance petitioners is that they have discriminately treated by the respondents in awarding advance increments on acquiring higher qualifications and have not been considered at par with those, who have been granted such relief and they were prevented on the basis of the Act (ibid), which was against the spirit of constitution and violation of the Fundamental Rights of the petitioners guaranteed in Article 25 of the Constitution of Islamic Republic of Pakistan, 1973. This Court, in view of the clear enunciation of the Honourable Supreme Court of Pakistan in I.A. Sharwani v. Government of Pakistan (1991 SCMR 1041), and the bar contained in Article 212 of the Constitution of Islamic Republic of Pakistan, 1973 would not dilate upon the merits of the case that may prejudice the case of

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Peshawar High Court

Abbottabad Bench

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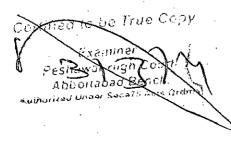
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petitioners before the Service Tribunal, who is competent legal forum to decide the grievance of the petitioners. In the aforementioned case, the apex Court has observed that:

"From the above-cited cases, it is evident that it has been consistently held inter alia by this Court that a civil servant if is aggrieved by a final order, whether original or appellate, passed by a departmental authority respect of his terms and conditions, his remedy, if any, is by way of an appeal before the Service Tribunal even where the case involves vires of a particular Service Rule or a notification or the question, whether accused civil servant claim the right represented by a counsel before the Enquiry Officer. We are inclined to hold that if a statutory rule or a notification adversely affects the terms and conditions of a civil servant, the same can <u>be treated as an order in</u> terms of subsection (1) of section 4 of the Act in order to file an appeal before the Service Tribunal. However, the present case, petitioner's case is founded: solely on the ground of discriminatory treatment in violation of Article 25 of the Constitution and not because breach of of any

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provision the Civil Servants Act or any service Furthermore, the question involved is of public importance as it affects all present and future pensioners and, therefore, falls within the compass of clause (3) of Article 184 of the Constitution. However, we may clarify that a civil servant cannot bye-pass the jurisdiction of the Service Tribunal by adding a ground violation of Fundamental rights. <u>Service Tribunal will have</u> jurisdiction in case which is founded on the terms and conditions of the service if it involves question of violation of the Fundamental Rights.

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(Emphasis provided)

In view of the aforementioned principle laid down by the apex Court, the petitioners may approach to the Service Tribunal, if so advised. This Court in Constitutional Jurisdiction under Article 199 of the Constitutional of Islamic Republic of Pakistan, 1973 and the bar contained in Article 212 of the Constitution of, 1973, as the matter relates to 'terms and conditions' of the service of the petitioners is not competent to assume jurisdiction, when

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Abbotrabad Bench

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remedy by way of appeal before the Service Tribunal is available to the petitioners against the vires of the Act (ibid) or infringement of fundamental rights guaranteed in Article 25 of the Constitution.

5. Accordingly, for the reasons stated hereinabove, this petition is disposed of in the above terms.

Announced: Dt.25.03.2014.

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BEFORE THE HONORABLE KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA SERVICE TRIBUNAL PESHAWAR CAMP COURT ABBOTTABAD.

Appeal No. 903/14

Muhammad HaroonAppellant

VÉRSUS

Govt: of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa & Others....Respondents

Para wise Comments on behalf of Respondents No. 1 to 4.

INDEX

Sr.No	Description	Page Nos	Annexures
.1	Comments alongwith affidavit.	1 to 3	
2	Copy of judgment.	4 to 6	"A"

Dated: 1 /03/15

District Education Officer (M

Abbottabad.

(Respondent No. 4)

BEFORE THE HONORABLE KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA SERVICE TRIBUNAL PESHAWAR CAMP COURT ABBOTTABAD.

Appeal No. 902/2014

Javed Iqbal VERSUS Govt: of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa & Others

<u>Para wise Comments on behalf of Respondents No. 1 to 4.</u>

Respectfully Sheweth:-

Comments on behalf of respondents are submitted as under:

PRELIMINARY OBJECTION:-

- 1. That the appellant has no cause of action to file the instant appeal.
- 2. That the appeal of the appellant is time barred. Hence liable to be dismissed.
- 3. That the instant appeal is not maintainable as there is no final order.
- 4. That the appellant has filed the present appeal to pressurize the respondents.
- 5. That the appellant has not come to this Honorable tribunal with clean hands.
- 6. That the appellant is estopped to sue due to his own conduct.
- 7. That the instant appeal is not maintainable due to non-joinder and mis-joinder of necessary parties.
- 8. That this Honorable Tribunal hasn't got jurisdiction to entertain the present petition/ appeal as this Honorable Tribunal is not a Constitutional Court, hence this appeal is liable to be dismissed.
- 9. That the vires of Act were challenged in the appeal, the Act was promulgated in the best public interest & the advance increments were not settled to be paid at the time of joining of service.
- 10. That the legislator has authority to legislate as they have mandate to do so by a recognize process and services law do not provides the provision of judicial review, hence appeal is not tenable.
- 11. That the appellant is at liberty to join service after due process of law equivalent to his qualification & the Government is not bound to pay advance increment.

<u>Factual objections:-</u>

- In reply to Para No.1of the appeal it is submitted that judgment of honorable tribunal has lost its efficacy for the purpose of implementation by clear intendment through sections 1 & 2 of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa cessation of payment arrears on advance increments on higher education qualification Act No. IX of 2012.
- 2. That para No.2 of the appeal is incorrect as composed hence, denied. The Act was passed by the Provincial Assembly and assented by the Governor KPK who isn't party in the present appeal. The answering respondents are bound to obey the will of the legislature & cannot deviate from any provision of enactment.
- 3. In reply to para No. 3, it is submitted that due to the promulgation of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa cessation of payment arrears on advance increments on higher

education qualification Act No. IX of 2012, all the execution/implementations petitions were dismissed by this honorable tribunal. It is further submitted that Mr.Muhammad Haroon had filed Civil Petition No 360 of 2013' before the August Supreme Court of Pakistan against the order dated 30/01/2013, passed by this Honorable tribunal and the same was dismissed on 29/08/2013. Copy of the said judgment is annexed as Annexure"A".

- 4. That para No. 4 of the appeal is subject to proof. Further added that it is the rule of the administration of justice that things should be done in particular manner & not by any other means, any deviation from the same amounts illegality.
- 5. That the respondents seek leave of this Honorable tribunal to agitate additional grounds at the time of arguments:

Grounds:

- a. That ground a. is incorrect hence, denied. Respondents have never snatched any legal rights of the appellant.
- b. That complete reply has already been given in above para No. 1 of the factual objections.
- c. That ground c. is incorrect hence, denied.
- d. That ground d. does not relate to answering respondents.
- e. That ground e. does not relate to answering respondents.
- f. That ground f. does not relate to answering respondents.
- g. That ground g. does not relate to answering respondents.
- h. That complete reply has already been given in above para No. 3 of the factual objections.
- i. That all grounds mentioned in the appeal are baseless and having no legal force, hence vehemently denied.

Under the circumstances, it is humbly prayed that the instant appeal is meritless against the law and facts, hence liable to be dismissed without further proceeding. found correct vettled M. Lair

District Education Offic

Abbottabad. (Respondent No. 4) Director (E&SÉD) Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Peshawar.

(Respondent No. 3)

Finance

Secretary (Khyber Pakhtunkhwa

Peshawar. (Respondent No.1)

Secretary ((E&SED) Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Peshawar. (Respondent No. 2)

BEFORE THE HONORABLE KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA SERVICE TRIBUNAL PESHAWAR CAMP COURT ABBOTTABAD.

Appeal No. 901/134

Muhammad Haroon Others VERSUS Govt: of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa &

Para wise Comments on behalf of Respondents No. 1 to 4.

AFFIDAVIT

I, Mr.Zia-ud-Din, District Education Officer (M) Abbottabad, do hereby affirm and declare that contents of forgoing comments are correct and true according to the best of my knowledge and belief and nothing has been suppressed from this Honorable Court.

DEPONEN

In the Supreme Court of Pakistan (Appellate Jurisdiction)

Present:

Mr. Justice Anwar Zaheer Jamali Mr. Justice Khilji Arif Hussain Mr. Justice IJaz Ahmed Chaudhry

Civil Petition No.360 of 2013.

(on appeal from judgment of KPK Service Tribunal, Peshawar dated 30.1.2013, passed in Implementation Petition No.49/2012)

Muhammad Haroon

...Petitioner

nnexure

Versus

Executive District Officer, Elementary & Secondary Education Dept. Harlpur, etc Respondents

Petitioner:

In person.

For official respondents:

Mr. Naveed Akhtar Khan, Addl.A.G. KPK.

Mr. Saeed-ur-Rehman, ADO (Edu.), Haripur.

Date of hearing:

29.8.2013

JUDGMENT

Anwar Zaheer Jamali, J.- By this petition under Article 212(3) of the Constitution of Islamic Republic of Pakistan, 1973, leave to appeal is sought by Detitioner Muhammad Haroon against the order dated 30.1.2013, passed by the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Service Tribunal, Peshawar (in short "the Tribunal"), whereby his implementation application No.49/2012, in service Appeal No.506/2009, was dismissed in view of sections-1 & 2 of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Cessation of Payment of Acrears on Advance Increments on Higher Educational Qualification Act, 2012

We have heard the arguments of petitioner. He has placed reliance on the earlier judgment of the Tribunal dated 12.5.2009, whereby he was held entitled for the benefit of advance increments on the basis of higher qualification. For this purpose, he has also placed reliance upon the judgment of this Court, reported as <u>PIA Corporation v. Aziz-ur-Rehman Chaudhry</u> (2011 SCMR 219).

As against it, learned Additional Advocate General KPK, Mr. Naveed Akhtar Khan, strongly contends that benefit of earlier judgment dated 12.5.2009,

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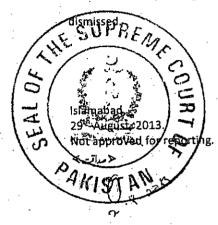
through implementation application No.49/2012 filed before the Tribunal, cannot be allowed to the petitioner in view of the clear language of section-1 of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Act No.IX of 2012, which has made its section-2 applicable with retrospective effect from 01.12.2001 and, thus, made the said judgment unimplementable.

- 4. We have considered the above noted submissions made before us by the petitioner and the learned Addl. A.G KPK and seen that indeed as per judgment of the Tribunal dated 12.5.2009, the petitioner was held entitled for the benefit of advance increments on the basis of his higher qualification, but such judgment has lost its efficacy for the purpose of implementation by clear intendment through sections 1 and 2 of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Act No.IX of 2012, which read as under:-
 - "1. Short title, application and commencement. (1) This Act may be called the Khybder Pakhtunkhwa Cessation of Payment of Arrears on Advance Increments on Higher Educational Qualification Act, 2012.
 - (2) It shall apply to all the employees of the Provincial Government, who were entitled to received advance increments on higher educational qualification.
 - (3) It shall come into force at once and shall be deemed to have taken effect on and from 1" day of December, 2001.
 - Cessation of payment of arrears on advance increments on higher educational qualification.— (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in any decision, judgment and order of any Tribunal or Court including High Court or Supreme Court of Pakistan, for the purpose of any claim for payment of arrears on account of advance increments on higher educational qualification sanctioned in pursuance of any order, letter, office memoranda, notification, instructions and other instruments issued before 1.12.2001, such orders, letters, office memoranda, notifications, instructions and other instruments shall be deemed to be non-existent, ceased or revoked and no further claim whatsoever on the basis of these instruments shall be entertained and all cases in respect of such claims pending in any Court or Tribunal including High Court and Supreme Court of Pakistan shall stand abated.
 - (2): Any order made, instruction issued, decision, judgment or order of any Court or Tribunal including a High Court or the Supreme Court, implemented immediately before the commencement of this Act, shall be deemed to have been validly made, issued and implemented by the date of commencement of this Act, and any amount already paid there-under on account of advance increments or arrears thereof shall be deemed to have been validly paid and shall not be recoverable from the recipient Government employees."

ATTESTED

Supreme To akiel

This being the position, leave to appeal is refused and this petition is



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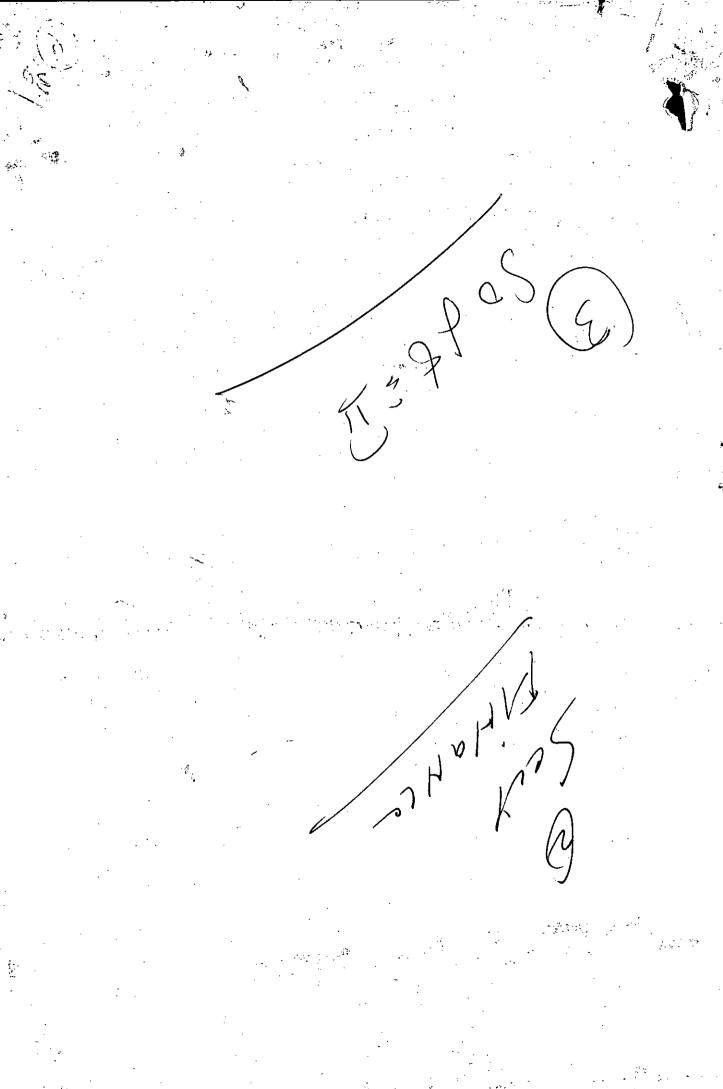
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BEFORE KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA SERVICE TRIBUNAL PESHAWAR.

ORIGINAL

Service Appeal No: 903 of 2014

Muhammad Haroon S/O Muhammad Ayub, Senior D.M teacher, Government High School Jhangi, Abbottabad. R/O: Village Basali, Post Office Kakul, District, Abbottabad.

Appellant

Versus

Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa through Secretary Finance Department Peshawar and 05 0ther.

Respondents

REJOINDER (REPLICATION) ON THE COMMENTS (REPLY) OF THE RESPONDENTS NO 1 TO 4.

Respectfully Sheweth,

Appellant submits the following rejoinder.

ON PRELIMINARY OBJECTIONS

- 1-3) That appellant has good cause of action to file instant appeal before this Honourable Court, it is not time bared but filed well in time, there is no limitation against Pay matters, and cause of action arises every month when the appellant receives his pay slip, it is legally and factually maintainable, and according to law, the impugned Act would itself treated as final order, Moreover the instant service appeal is filed, in pursuance of the Judgment dated 25/03/2014 (Annexure D) passed by Peshawar High Court, which is now final, as respondents has not filed any review petition before High Court, nor filed any Petition/appeal before Supreme Court of Pakistan.
- 4-6) That appellant filed his appeal according to law, for his valuable rights, which was snatched illegally by the respondents and it is fundamental & constitutional right of appellant to file instant appeal, thus plea of pressurizing, is incorrect and denied,

appellant did not conceal any fact from this Honourable Tribunal and came to this Honourable Tribunal with clean hands and appellant has got good locus standi to challenge the impugned Act, and there is no estoppel in this regard.

- 7-8) That there is no question of misjoinder and nonjoinder of necessary parties, all the necessary parties are already included in the panel of respondents and no one is left, respondents in para-8 themselves admitted that, this Honourable Tribunal is not a Constitutional Court, Government of KPK through Secretaries (Departments) have already been arrayed as party, the jurisdictional point is decided and well settled by Supreme Court and specifically by High Court on 25/03/2014 which is worth perusal, In this Tribunal, the vires of impugned Act is challenged through instant appeal, which is filed on the basis of law, decided by Peshawar High Court in Writ Petition on 25/03/2014, which attained its finality, and binding upon respondents.
- 9-11) That the right of advance increments was given/decided by this Honourable Tribunal vide its judgment dated 12/05/2009 and respondents were arrayed as party and they appeared, filed comments, and fully contested the same, and legally no law (Act) was promulgated against the fundamental and constitutional rights of the appellant, no one has any such power to make such law which is against the spirit & Articles of the Constitution of Islamic Republic of Pakistan.

ON FACTUAL OBJECTIONS

1) That respondents in reply of Para no 1 of the service appeal,

"the judgment of Honourable Tribunal --------- Act No IX of 2012"

have reproduced the para No 04 of the Judgment dated 29/08/2013 passed by Supreme Court of Pakistan in CP No 360

of 2013, but deliberately concealed the real factual position of the case, as a matter of facts, under the next Para no 05 of the same judgment of Supreme Court of Pakistan, in pursuance of observation/guidance of Apex court, the Writ Petition was decided by High Court on 25/03/2014 and instant service appeal is filed under the same law.

- the nature of constitutional rights/Article nor pass any Act which is against to any Article of Constitution and the impugned Act cannot be passed in the presence of Article 25 of the Constitution, and such law/matters was decided by the Learned larger bench of Supreme Court in (1991 SCMR 1041) (relevant at para 33 page 1092), Further more all necessary parties are arrayed in service appeal and same appeal is directly filed under the specific law as decided by High Court in Writ Petition on 25/03/2014, which is binding upon respondents and attained its finality and never challenged by respondents before proper forum on the question/point of necessary party.
- Judgment dated 25/03/2014 passed by Peshawar High Court, but they did not point out any law, or gave any thing that how appellant can be restricted from his legal right on the subject?, while it was decided on 25/03/2014 and High Court held that remedy by way of service appeal before the Service Tribunal is available to the aggrieved person (appellant) against the impugned Act, respondents side tracked the real issue, because they have no defense in the presence of law, settled by Supreme Court and High Court.
- 4) That respondents did not submit their reply to the point and tried to hush up the matter, factually case of appellant is quite clear and filed according to law decided by Supreme Court of Pakistan and the Peshawar High Court Abbottabad Bench, and the

Jurisdiction point of law on the subject subjudice before this Honourable Tribunal, is finally settled by larger Bench of Supreme Court of Pakistan, in her reported Judgment (1991 SCMR 1041) (relevant at para 33 page 1092), after the relevant law, respondent have no way to deny the rights of the appellant in any way.

5) That Appellant seeks the leave of this Honourable Tribunal to request additional grounds according to situation at the time of arguments.

ON GROUNDS

- a-c) That the reply of the respondents are totally incorrect and ambiguous, also not relevant to the points raised in the appeal, appellant reiterated the position taken in Para a-c of his appeal.
- d-h) That the case of appellant is very much clear and it is directly based on Supreme Court Judgment and comments of the respondents are totally incorrect, also not relevant to the points raised in appeal, and it is admitted facts that reply of respondents is totally incorrect and claim of appellant cannot be denied by the respondents in the presence of Supreme Court Judgment as referred above, thus the position taken in Para (d-h) in appeal by appellant is reiterated.

It is humbly prayed that this appeal may kindly be accepted along with all back benefits.

Dated 22/07/2015

(Muhammad Haroon) Appellant in person

BEFORE THE KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA, SERVICE TRIBUNAL, PESHAWAR

Service Appeal No.903-A/2014

Muhammad Haroon son of Muhammad Ayub, Senior D.M Teacher, Govt. High School Jhangi, Abbottabad, resident of Village Basali, P.O Kakul, Tehsil & District, Abbottabad.

..APPELLANT

VERSUS

Govt. of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, through Secretary, Finance Department, Peshawar & others.

... RESPONDENTS

SERVICE APPEAL

APPLICATION FOR WITHDRAWAL OF INSTANT SERVICE APPEAL WITH PERMISSION TO BRING FRESH I9MPLEMENTATION PETITION FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF JUDGMENT DATED 12/05/2009 PASSED BY THIS HONOURABLE TRIBUNAL (CAMP COURT, ABBOTTABAD).

Respectfully Sheweth;-

1. That appellant's service appeal relating to advance increments on his higher qualification was accepted by this Honourable Service Tribunal on 12/05/2009 at Camp Court, Abbottabad, during its implementation petition, an Act "Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Cessation of

Payment of Arrears on Advance Increments on Higher Education Qualification Act" (KPK Act NO.IX of 2012 dated 15/05/2012 was promulgated/ published by the respondents.

- 2. That appellant's previous execution petition was abated and he challenged the vires of impugned Act through instant service appeal, during its pendency the involved matter in the titled service appeal has been solved and settled through writ petition, as Peshawar High Court has finally declared the said Act as null and void and accepted the rights of appellant.
- That in the prevailing situation, there is no need to continue the matters in the titled service appeal and appellant wants to withdraw it with permission to file fresh execution petition under the law. In case, the execution petition is not entertained by this Tribunal, the appellant may be allowed to file fresh service appeal on the same subject.

It is, therefore, humbly prayed that this application for withdrawal of service appeal with permission to bring fresh execution petition may graciously be accepted in the interest of justice.

Through

Dated: 21-03-2018

(Muhammad Arshad Khan Tand) Advocate High Court, Abbottabad

BEFORE KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA SERVICE TRIBUNAL PESHAWAR.

For Govt Pleader Service Appeal No:____ 903 of 2014

> Muhammad Haroon S/O Muhammad Ayub, Senior D.M teacher, Government High School Jhangi, Abbottabad. R/O: Village Basali, Post Office Kakul, District, Abbottabad.

> > Appellant

Versus

Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa through Secretary Finance Department Peshawar and 05 0ther.

Respondents

REJOINDER (REPLICATION) ON THE COMMENTS (REPLY) OF THE RESPONDENTS NO 1 TO 4.

Respectfully Sheweth,

Appellant submits the following rejoinder.

ON PRELIMINARY OBJECTIONS

- That appellant has good cause of action to file instant appeal before this Honourable Court, it is not time bared but filed well in time, there is no limitation against Pay matters, and cause of action arises every month when the appellant receives his pay slip, it is legally and factually maintainable, and according to law, the impugned Act would itself treated as final order, Moreover the instant service appeal is filed, in pursuance of the Judgment dated 25/03/2014 (Annexure D) passed by Peshawar High Court, which is now final, as respondents has not filed any review petition before High Court, nor filed any Petition/appeal before Supreme Court of Pakistan.
- That appellant filed his appeal according to law, for his valuable rights, which was snatched illegally by the respondents and it is fundamental & constitutional right of appellant to file instant appeal, thus plea of pressurizing, is incorrect and denied,

(2)

appellant did not conceal any fact from this Honourable Tribunal and came to this Honourable Tribunal with clean hands and appellant has got good locus standi to challenge the impugned Act, and there is no estoppel in this regard.

- 7-8) That there is no question of misjoinder and nonjoinder of necessary parties, all the necessary parties are already included in the panel of respondents and no one is left, respondents in para-8 themselves admitted that, this Honourable Tribunal is not a Constitutional Court, Government of KPK through Secretaries (Departments) have already been arrayed as party, the jurisdictional point is decided and well settled by Supreme Court and specifically by High Court on 25/03/2014 which is worth perusal, In this Tribunal, the vires of impugned Act is challenged through instant appeal, which is filed on the basis of law, decided by Peshawar High Court in Writ Petition on 25/03/2014, which attained its finality, and binding upon respondents.
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ON FACTUAL OBJECTIONS

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(3)

of 2013, but deliberately concealed the real factual position of the case, as a matter of facts, under the next Para no 05 of the same judgment of Supreme Court of Pakistan, in pursuance of observation/guidance of Apex court, the Writ Petition was decided by High Court on 25/03/2014 and instant service appeal is filed under the same law.

- That under the law provincial assembly has no power to change the nature of constitutional rights/Article nor pass any Act which is against to any Article of Constitution and the impugned Act cannot be passed in the presence of Article 25 of the Constitution, and such law/matters was decided by the Learned larger bench of Supreme Court in (1991 SCMR 1041) (relevant at para 33 page 1092), Further more all necessary parties are arrayed in service appeal and same appeal is directly filed under the specific law as decided by High Court in Writ Petition on 25/03/2014, which is binding upon respondents and attained its finality and never challenged by respondents before proper forum on the question/point of necessary party.
- That respondents stated the factual position of the case before the Judgment dated 25/03/2014 passed by Peshawar High Court, but they did not point out any law, or gave any thing that how appellant can be restricted from his legal right on the subject?, while it was decided on 25/03/2014 and High Court held that remedy by way of service appeal before the Service Tribunal is available to the aggrieved person (appellant) against the impugned Act, respondents side tracked the real issue, because they have no defense in the presence of law, settled by Supreme Court and High Court.
- 4) That respondents did not submit their reply to the point and tried to hush up the matter, factually case of appellant is quite clear and filed according to law decided by Supreme Court of Pakistan and the Peshawar High Court Abbottabad Bench, and the

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That Appellant seeks the leave of this Honourable Tribunal to request additional grounds according to situation at the time of arguments.

ON GROUNDS

- a-c) That the reply of the respondents are totally incorrect and ambiguous, also not relevant to the points raised in the appeal, appellant reiterated the position taken in Para a-c of his appeal.
- d-h) That the case of appellant is very much clear and it is directly based on Supreme Court Judgment and comments of the respondents are totally incorrect, also not relevant to the points raised in appeal, and it is admitted facts that reply of respondents is totally incorrect and claim of appellant cannot be denied by the respondents in the presence of Supreme Court Judgment as referred above, thus the position taken in Para (d-h) in appeal by appellant is reiterated.

It is humbly prayed that this appeal may kindly be accepted along with all back benefits.

Dated 22/07/2015

(Muhammad Haroon) Appellant in person